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Thursday, 21 April 2022

A meeting of the **Cabinet** of North Norfolk District Council will be held in the Council Chamber - Council Offices on **Tuesday**, **3 May 2022** at **10.00 am**.

At the discretion of the Chairman, a short break will be taken after the meeting has been running for approximately one and a half hours

Members of the public who wish to ask a question or speak on an agenda item must notify Democratic Services 24 hours in advance of the meeting. Further information on the procedure for public speaking can be obtained from Democratic Services, Tel:01263 516010, Email:Emma.Denny@north-norfolk.gov.uk.

Please note that this meeting will be live-streamed: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCsShJeAVZMS0kSWcz-WyEzg

Anyone attending this meeting may take photographs, film or audio-record the proceedings and report on the meeting. Anyone wishing to do so should inform the Chairman. If you are a member of the public and you wish to speak on an item on the agenda, please be aware that you may be filmed or photographed.

Emma Denny Democratic Services Manager

To: Mrs W Fredericks, Mrs A Fitch-Tillett, Ms V Gay, Mr R Kershaw, Mr N Lloyd, Mr E Seward, Miss L Shires, Mr J Toye and Mr T Adams

All other Members of the Council for information. Members of the Management Team, appropriate Officers, Press and Public



If you have any special requirements in order to attend this meeting, please let us know in advance If you would like any document in large print, audio, Braille, alternative format or in a different language please contact us

Chief Executive: Steve Blatch Tel 01263 513811 Fax 01263 515042 Minicom 01263 516005 Email districtcouncil@north-norfolk.gov.uk Web site www.north-norfolk.gov.uk

1. TO RECEIVE APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

2. MINUTES

To approve, as a correct record, the minutes of the meeting of the Cabinet held on 28th March 2022.

3. PUBLIC QUESTIONS AND STATEMENTS

To receive questions and statements from the public, if any.

4. ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

To determine any other items of business which the Chairman decides should be considered as a matter of urgency pursuant to Section 100B(4)(b) of the Local Government Act 1972

5. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

7 - 12

Members are asked at this stage to declare any interests that they may have in any of the following items on the agenda. The Code of Conduct for Members requires that declarations include the nature of the interest and whether it is a disclosable pecuniary interest (see attached guidance and flowchart)

6. MEMBERS' QUESTIONS

To receive oral questions from Members, if any

7. RECOMMENDATIONS FROM OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

There were no recommendations to Cabinet from the Overview & Scrutiny Committee meeting held on 6th April 2022.

8. OFFICER DELEGATED DECISIONS - FEBRUARY TO APRIL 2022 13 - 16

Summary: This report details the decisions taken by Senior Officers under delegated powers from February to April 2022

Options considered: Not applicable.

Recommendations: To receive and note the report and the register of officer decisions taken under delegated powers.

Reasons for Recommendations: The Constitution: Chapter 6, Part 5, sections 5.1 and 5.2. details the exercise of any power or function of the Council where waiting until a meeting of Council or a committee would 1 - 6

disadvantage the Council. The Constitution requires that any exercise of such powers should be reported to the next meeting of Council, Cabinet or working party (as appropriate)

LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

(Papers relied on to write the report, which do not contain exempt information and which are not published elsewhere)

Delegated decision forms - as completed by the relevant officer

Cabinet Member(s)	Ward(s) affected		
All	All		
Contact Officer, telephone number and email:			

Emma Denny, Democratic Services Manager, 01263 516010

9. QUALITY OF LIFE STRATEGY 2022 - 2024

The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 - 2024 Summary: and Action Plan is presented for approval and adoption. Options considered: The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval. Conclusions: The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval. recommended that Cabinet Recommendations: lt is approves the Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 and Action Plan Reasons for **Recommendations:** The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval by Cabinet and adoption by Full Council.

LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

(Papers relied on to write the report, which do not contain exempt information and which are not published elsewhere)

17 - 64

n/a

Cabinet Member(s)	Ward(s) affected
Cllr Gay	All

Contact Officer, telephone number and email: Karen Hill, Assistant Director People Services, <u>karen.hill@north-norfolk.gov.uk</u>, 01263 516183

10. PROPERTY TRANSACTION - NORTH LODGE PARK

65 - 82

Summary:	The aim of this report is to outline the proposals we have received for the redevelopment of the former tennis courts site within North Lodge Park, Cromer and to make a recommendation for a new lease over the land and premises.
Options considered:	 Following a marketing campaign during the Summer of 2021 three proposals were received from external parties. These were from; 1) The Friends of North Lodge Park with Cromer Town Council 2) North Norfolk World of Golf consortium 3) A proposal for Padel Courts from a local investor.
	The three proposals are outlined within the report below.
Conclusions:	The proposal made by The Friends of North Lodge Park in partnership with Cromer Town Council is considered the most appropriate for the site.
Recommendations:	It is recommended that Cabinet make a resolution to proceed with The Friends of the Park in partnership with Cromer Town Council to complete a new lease over the former tennis court site and as provided in the agreed heads of terms.
Reasons for Recommendations:	The Friends of the North Lodge Park are a known operator to NNDC and are an existing partner in managing the Park.
	The proposal made is a joint venture with the Cromer Town Council and provides for

a new changing places toilet facility to be fully funded by the Town Council.

The proposal combines both community and income producing operations.

The proposals are unlikely to be of concern to local residents and offers the least contentious use from a planning perspective.

The proposal will further enhance the use of the Park whilst providing training and support for the wider community.

The proposal for a new toilet block within the tennis court site will free up the existing toilets in the Park which, when combined with the vacant adjacent unit (formerly the children's nursery) and the existing café, will provide the opportunity to create a newly refurbished income producing property.

LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

(Papers relied on to write the report, which do not contain exempt information and which are not published elsewhere)

None.

Cabinet Member(s) All Ward(s) affected; Cromer Cllr E Seward

Contact Officer, telephone number and email: Neil Turvey; 01263 516124 neil.turvey@north-norfolk.gov.uk

11. EXCLUSION OF PRESS AND PUBLIC

To pass the following resolution:

"That under Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following item of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in paragraphs 3 of Part I of Schedule 12A (as amended) to the Act."

12. PRIVATE BUSINESS

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CABINET

Minutes of the meeting of the Cabinet held on Monday, 28 March 2022 at the Council Chamber - Council Offices at 10.00 am

Committee Members Present:		
	W Fredericks V Gay	A Fitch-Tillett R Kershaw
	N Lloyd L Shires	E Seward (Chairman)
Members also attending:	C Cushing A Brown	
0.00		

Officers in Attendance:

Chief Executive, Assistant Director for Resources, Democratic Services Manager, Director for Resources/Section 151 Officer and Democratic Services and Governance Officer - Scrutiny

Apologies for	Mr J Toye
Absence:	Mr T Adams

223 CHAIRMAN'S ANNOUNCEMENTS

Cllr Seward, Deputy Leader, informed members that he would be chairing the meeting in the absence of the Leader, Cllr T Adams.

He said that as Cllr L Shires needed to leave the meeting early, he would take Agenda Item 9: NNDC Youth Council first.

224 MINUTES

The minutes of the meeting held on 28th February 2022 were approved as a correct record and signed by the Chairman.

225 PUBLIC QUESTIONS AND STATEMENTS

None received.

226 ITEMS OF URGENT BUSINESS

None received.

227 DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

None received.

228 MEMBERS' QUESTIONS

The Chairman advised members that they could ask questions during the meeting as matters arose.

229 RECOMMENDATIONS FROM OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

In the absence of the Chairman of the Overview & Scrutiny Committee, The Scrutiny Officer advised members that there were no recommendations to report from the 9th March meeting.

230 NNDC YOUTH COUNCIL

Cllr L Shires, Portfolio Holder for Organisational Resources, introduced this item. She explained that improving youth engagement across the District was a key element of the Corporate Plan and she thanked the Democratic Services Manager for bringing the report to Cabinet. Cllr Shires said it was a very positive step in moving forwards and creating a North Norfolk for future generations by involving them in the North Norfolk of today.

It was proposed by Cllr L Shires, seconded by Cllr W Fredericks and

RESOLVED

- 1. That the British Youth Council provides support to assist in the establishment of a Youth Council
- 2. That £10,000 is allocated from the Delivery Plan Reserve to cover the cost of this service together with the provision of training members of the youth council, officers and elected members.

Reasons for recommendations:

To deliver the Corporate Plan objective of improving engagement with young people across the District.

231 PROPOSED RECRUITMENT OF UKRAINIAN COMMUNITY SUPPORT OFFICER POSITION

The Chairman invited the Director for Communities to introduce this item. He explained that following the Government's announcement of two schemes to facilitate access to the UK for Ukrainian refugees, it was believed that large numbers of women, children and elderly people could come to North Norfolk in the coming weeks. Therefore, in order to provide a warm welcome to refugee families and to support local people who had offered to provide accommodation through the Homes for Ukraine scheme via assisting them in accessing health, education, language support and employment locally, the Council proposed creating a Ukrainian Support Officer post. This would be within the People Services are and it was intended that they would speak Ukrainian/Russian and provide a cultural link and support for the new community in North Norfolk. He added that there would be a 'welcome hub' at the Council Offices to provide immediate support.

Cllr V Gay asked if there would be arrangements in place to test the language skills of applicants for the post. The Director for Communities replied that there would be access to translation services and to language line to assess that applicants had sufficient skills. He acknowledged that there were many dialects across Ukraine and in response to a further question regarding Russian speaking applicants, he confirmed that this would be preferable, if possible as many Ukrainians spoke Russian as a second language.

Cllr R Kershaw asked if the Director for Communities was aware of any Russian refugees seeking to settle in North Norfolk. The Director for Communities replied that he was not aware of any in North Norfolk and they would not be on the same scale as Ukrainian refugees. He added that there were two schemes in place for Ukrainian refugees – the UK Family Scheme and the Homes for Ukraine programme.

Cllr C Cushing said that it was suggested that Norfolk Council was anticipating approximately 300 refugees and he wondered how many would come to North Norfolk. He also asked about the provision of language support in schools as it was likely that the children of refugee families would not speak English and may need additional support. The Director for Communities replied that the Council had not been advised about the number of families that might come to North Norfolk. One of the reasons for this was that the UK Families Scheme was operating on the basis that support would be provided by the families concerned and no wrap around support would be provided by the Government. Regarding the Homes for Ukraine Scheme, it was not yet known how many residents of North Norfolk had registered for this. He said that the Home Office was matching individuals and that this information was passed onto the County Council who would then process properties in North Norfolk and ask the Council to go out and inspect their suitability. He said that there had been a request to inspect some properties but the overall figure was not yet known. Regarding school provision and support, he said that this was a responsibility of the County Council and there was a team in place to ensure that there was sufficient, suitable school provision. He added that this scheme was different to other refugee support schemes as the accommodation of refugees was spread more widely and not focussed on urban areas and North Norfolk was well set up to educate refugee children as some schools had capacity. He said that there were some teachers coming from Ukraine who may be able to provide support in local schools.

It was proposed by Cllr E Seward, seconded by Cllr N Lloyd and

RESOLVED

To agree to the Council recruiting a Ukrainian Community Support Officer post on the Council's establishment, initially for a period of twelve months, with the costs being met through the Council's Delivery Plan Reserve in the immediate term, and with officers asked to establish if such costs can be claimed back from Government funding to local authorities supporting the national refugee programme in the coming months.

Reason for the recommendation:

To provide a timely response and support to the arrival of Ukrainian refugees into North Norfolk as part of the UK's Homes for Ukraine programme.

232 PROPOSED 2022/23 PROGRAMME OF SECTION106 COMMUTED SUMS TO SUPPORT DELIVERY OF AFFORDABLE HOMES IN NORTH NORFOLK

The Portfolio Holder for Housing, Cllr W Fredericks, introduced this item. She explained that in February 2021 Cabinet had agreed to the establishment of an annual budget in the Capital Programme to provide grants, using section 106 capital receipts held by the Council to support registered providers to deliver new affordable

homes. The report set out details of the programme of grants for 2022/23 and sought support to provide a grant to four affordable housing schemes totalling $\pounds700k$.

The Housing Strategy & Delivery Manager explained that the Council had received $\pounds 2.3m$ of section 106 receipts in lieu of on-site affordable housing delivery and they could only be used for the delivery of affordable housing. There were now a number of schemes which required 'top up' grant funding to deliver homes. It was anticipated that around 130 homes would be delivered.

It was proposed by Cllr W Fredericks, seconded by Cllr L Shires and

RESOLVED

That Cabinet supports the granting of £700k of existing s106 monies in 2022/23 to support Registered Providers deliver four new affordable housing schemes as detailed in the report.

Reason for the recommendation:

To provide support to £700k grant funding to help deliver affordable homes

233 HORNBEAM ROAD CAR PARK, NORTH WALSHAM

Cllr R Kershaw, Portfolio Holder for Sustainable Growth, introduced this item. He explained that the provision of a new car park at Hornbeam Road, North Walsham had been secured as part of the wider mixed use development of the former HL Foods factory site by Hopkins Homes. Following its completion on 2018/19 responsibility passed to the District Council and it was agreed that a different charging regime would be need to be agreed beyond the usual classifications used for other council-owned car parks.

With the place-making works taking place in North Walsham town centre during the summer, causing possible disruption to existing parking provision and with the car park order not due to be agreed until July 2022, it was felt that the Hornbeam Road car park could be used to provide free long-stay parking in the town. This would also give the Council an opportunity to assess demand for the car park ahead of introducing a charging structure.

It was proposed by Cllr R Kershaw, seconded by Cllr N Lloyd and

RESOLVED

That the Hornbeam Road Car Park, North Walsham is operated on a without charge basis for a period of 9 months from 1st April 2022, during which time a longer term charging and management strategy will be developed for this car park asset

Reason for the decision:

To provide alternative, free parking to minimise the impact of the place-making works on parking provision in North Walsham, during which time a longer term charging and management strategy will be developed for this car park asset.

234 STAIRCASING OF SHARED EQUITY PROPERTY - ASHBURTON CLOSE, WELLS-NEXT-THE-SEA

Cllr Seward, Portfolio Holder for Finance & Assets, invited the Estates and Asset Strategy Manager to introduce this item. She explained that the Council was the freeholder of a number of shared equity properties which it had acquired through provisions of S106 agreements. The leaseholder of such a property could, after 5 years, serve notice on the Council to staircase the lease. She said that the Council had received notice in relation to a property at Ashburton Close, Wells-next-the-sea and approval was now sought to complete the transaction which would result in the Council receiving a capital receipt of £102,300.

It was proposed by Cllr E Seward, seconded by Cllr Kershaw and

RESOLVED

To complete the transaction as outlined in section 2 of the report.

Reason for the decision:

The Council is bound by the terms within the lease that allows the leaseholder to staircase the lease

235 PROPERTY TRANSACTION : LEASE PROPOSALS AT THE BLUE SKY CAFÉ AND ART DECO BUILDING

Cllr E Seward, Portfolio Holder for Finance and Assets introduced this item. He explained that the report set out lease proposals for two council-owned sites in Cromer.

Cllr A Brown commented that if the terms of the lease were re-negotiated, then as a precaution it might be best to authorise delegation to include the Chief Legal Officer. Cabinet supported this approach.

Cllr A Fitch-Tillett said that she wished to raise a matter within the exempt appendix. The Chairman proposed that the meeting should go into private session to discuss this.

It was proposed by Cllr E Seward, seconded by Cllr R Kershaw and

RESOLVED to pass the following resolution:

That under Section 100A(4) of the Local Government Act 1972 the press and public be excluded from the meeting for the following item of business on the grounds that they involve the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in paragraph 3 of Part I of Schedule 12A (as amended) to the Act.

Once Cllr Fitch-Tillett's query had been raised and it was agreed that a written response would be provided, Members agreed to come out of private session.

The Chairman thanked everyone for their comments.

It was proposed by Cllr E Seward, seconded by Cllr W Fredericks and

RESOLVED

- A. To approve the lease terms as described in Appendix A and C
- B. Should there be any further negotiations to the offer made, to delegate to the s151 officer and the Chief Legal Officer, in consultation with the portfolio holder, the ability to vary the terms of the lease and a rental value not exceeding a 10% variation the original lease proposal.

Reason for the decision:

Principally to support the financial sustainability and growth of the Council by leasing the premises and generating rental income that is used to support Council services.

The meeting ended at 10.28 am.

Chairman

Registering interests

Within 28 days of becoming a member or your re-election or re-appointment to office you must register with the Monitoring Officer the interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 1** (**Disclosable Pecuniary Interests**) which are as described in "The Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012". You should also register details of your other personal interests which fall within the categories set out in **Table 2** (**Other Registerable Interests**).

"**Disclosable Pecuniary Interest**" means an interest of yourself, or of your partner if you are aware of your partner's interest, within the descriptions set out in Table 1 below.

"Partner" means a spouse or civil partner, or a person with whom you are living as husband or wife, or a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners.

- 1. You must ensure that your register of interests is kept up-to-date and within 28 days of becoming aware of any new interest, or of any change to a registered interest, notify the Monitoring Officer.
- 2. A 'sensitive interest' is as an interest which, if disclosed, could lead to the councillor, or a person connected with the councillor, being subject to violence or intimidation.
- 3. Where you have a 'sensitive interest' you must notify the Monitoring Officer with the reasons why you believe it is a sensitive interest. If the Monitoring Officer agrees they will withhold the interest from the public register.

Non participation in case of disclosable pecuniary interest

- 4. Where a matter arises at a meeting which directly relates to one of your Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in **Table 1**, you must disclose the interest, not participate in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest, just that you have an interest. Dispensation may be granted in limited circumstances, to enable you to participate and vote on a matter in which you have a disclosable pecuniary interest.
- 5. Where you have a disclosable pecuniary interest on a matter to be considered or is being considered by you as a Cabinet member in exercise of your executive function, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest and must not take any steps or further steps in the matter apart from arranging for someone else to deal with it

Disclosure of Other Registerable Interests

6. Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to one of your Other Registerable Interests (as set out in **Table 2**), you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting but otherwise must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

Disclosure of Non-Registerable Interests

- 7. Where a matter arises at a meeting which *directly relates* to your financial interest or well-being (and is not a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest set out in Table 1) or a financial interest or well-being of a relative or close associate, you must disclose the interest. You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation. If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.
- 8. Where a matter arises at a meeting which affects
 - a. your own financial interest or well-being;
 - b. a financial interest or well-being of a relative, close associate; or
 - c. a body included in those you need to disclose under Other Registrable Interests as set out in **Table 2**

you must disclose the interest. In order to determine whether you can remain in the meeting after disclosing your interest the following test should be applied

- 9. Where a matter *affects* your financial interest or well-being:
 - a. to a greater extent than it affects the financial interests of the majority of inhabitants of the ward affected by the decision and;
 - b. a reasonable member of the public knowing all the facts would believe that it would affect your view of the wider public interest

You may speak on the matter only if members of the public are also allowed to speak at the meeting. Otherwise you must not take part in any discussion or vote on the matter and must not remain in the room unless you have been granted a dispensation.

If it is a 'sensitive interest', you do not have to disclose the nature of the interest.

10. Where you have a personal interest in any business of your authority and you have made an executive decision in relation to that business, you must make sure that any written statement of that decision records the existence and nature of your interest.

Table 1: Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

This table sets out the explanation of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests as set out in the <u>Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012</u>.

Subject	Description
Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation	Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain. [Any unpaid directorship.]
Sponsorship	Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the council) made to the councillor during the previous 12-month period for expenses incurred by him/her in carrying out his/her duties as a councillor, or towards his/her election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.
Contracts	Any contract made between the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the

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	councillor is living as if they were spouses/civil partners (or a firm in which such person is a partner, or an incorporated body of which such person is a director* or a body that such person has a beneficial interest in the securities of*) and the council — (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and (b) which has not been fully discharged.
Land and Property	Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the council. 'Land' excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not give the councillor or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners (alone or jointly with another) a right to occupy or to receive income.
Licenses	Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the council for a month or longer
Corporate tenancies	Any tenancy where (to the councillor's knowledge)— (a) the landlord is the council; and (b) the tenant is a body that the councillor, or his/her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were spouses/ civil partners is a partner of or a director* of or has a beneficial interest in the securities* of.
Securities	Any beneficial interest in securities* of a body where— (a) that body (to the councillor's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the council; and (b) either— (i)) the total nominal value of the securities* exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the councillor, or his/ her spouse or civil partner or the person with whom the councillor is living as if they were

spouses/civil partners has a beneficial
interest exceeds one hundredth of the
total issued share capital of that class.

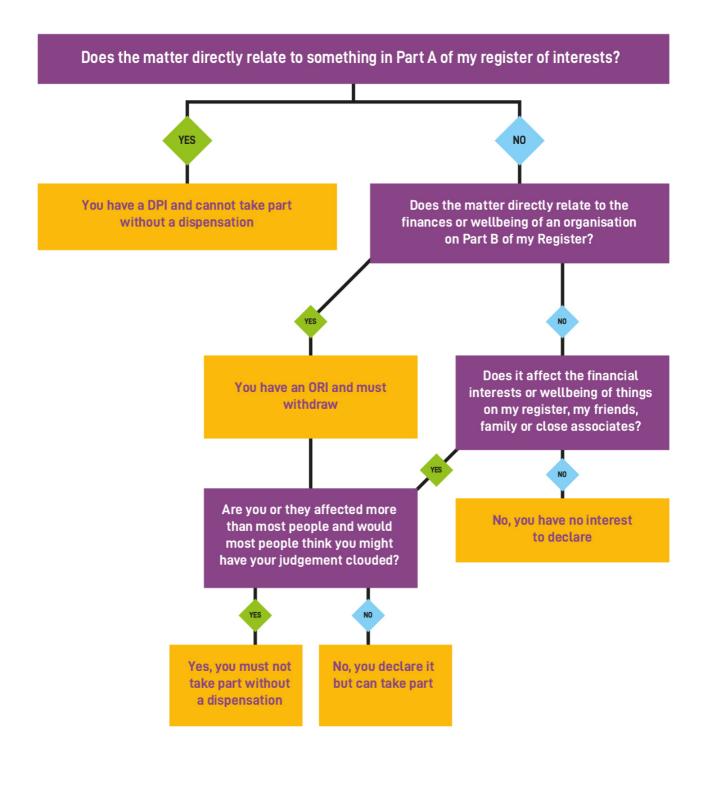
* 'director' includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

* 'securities' means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Table 2: Other Registrable Interests

You have a personal interest in any business of your authority where it relates to or is likely to affect:

- a) any body of which you are in general control or management and to which you are nominated or appointed by your authority
- b) any body
 - (i) exercising functions of a public nature
 - (ii) any body directed to charitable purposes or
 - (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union)



Local Government Association Guidance on LGA Model Councillor Code of Conduct

Record of Decisions taken under Delegated Authority (Appendix A)

Delegated Power being exercised; Chapter 6; Full delegation to Chief Officers Section 5.1: routine matters Section 5.2 Emergency powers	Key Decision y/n	Officer exercising Delegation	Details of decision made	Consultations undertaken Section 5.1 : Leader or Portfolio Holder/Local Member Section 5.2: Leader or Deputy Leader	Date of decision	Date Reported to Council/Cabinet
Section 5.1	Yes	Director for Communities	To approve the Council Tax Support Scheme for 2022/23 (unchanged from the previous scheme)	s 5.2 - Leader	15.02.2022	03.05.2022
Section 5.1	No	Director for Resources	Applying a temporary increase to Officer essential and causal car user mileage rates to 0.60 per mile.	S 5.1 - Leader or Portfolio Holder	24.03.2022	03.05.2022
Section 5.1 (Conditional Delegation)	No	Chief Executive	Acknowledgement of receipt of grants from DEFRA for the Coastal Transition Accelerator Programme In North Norfolk	S 5.1 – Leader and Portfolio Holder	01.04.2022	03.05.2022

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Record of Decisions taken under Delegated Authority (Appendix A)

Delegated Power being exercised; Chapter 6; Full delegation to Chief Officers Section 5.1: routine matters Section 5.2 Emergency powers	Key Decision y/n	Officer exercising Delegation	Details of decision made	Consultations undertaken Section 5.1 : Leader or Portfolio Holder/Local Member Section 5.2: Leader or Deputy Leader	Date of decision	Date Reported to Council/Cabinet
Section 5.1	Yes	Director for Communities	To approve the Council Tax Support Scheme for 2022/23 (unchanged from the previous scheme)	s 5.2 - Leader	15.02.2022	03.05.2022
Section 5.1	No	Director for Resources	Applying a temporary increase to Officer essential and causal car user mileage rates to 0.60 per mile.	S 5.1 - Leader or Portfolio Holder	24.03.2022	03.05.2022
Section 5.1 (Conditional Delegation)	No	Chief Executive	Acknowledgement of receipt of grants from DEFRA for the Coastal Transition Accelerator Programme In North Norfolk	S 5.1 – Leader and Portfolio Holder	01.04.2022	03.05.2022

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Agenda Item 9

QUALITY OF LIFE STRATEGY 2022 - 2024

- Summary: The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 2024 and Action Plan is presented for approval and adoption.
- Options considered: The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval.
- Conclusions: The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval.

Recommendations: It is recommended that Cabinet approves the Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 and Action Plan

Reasons for Recommendations: The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval by Cabinet and adoption by Full Council.

LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

(Papers relied on to write the report, which do not contain exempt information and which are not published elsewhere)

n/a

Cabinet Member(s)	Ward(s) affected
Cllr Gay	All
Contact Officer, telephone r	umber and email:

Karen Hill, Assistant Director People Services, <u>karen.hill@north-norfolk.gov.uk</u>, 01263 516183

1. Introduction

1.1 Quality of Life is one of the Council's six objectives. The Corporate Plan 2019

 2023 sets out the Council's understanding of Quality of Life and the Corporate Delivery Plan included a number of actions which have for the most part been delivered (appendix 6 of the Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024.

- 1.2 The Council had intended to undertake a Quality of Life Residents Survey to inform the development of the Quality of Life Strategy but this has been deferred due to the pandemic and inappropriate timing considering we are still managing our Covid response and in the early stages of Covid recovery. The lifespan of the strategy has been deliberately shortened such that it can be refreshed once we have been able to undertake this essential community engagement and include the voice of our residents in informing the priorities and actions of the strategy.
- 1.3 Priorities and actions for the Quality of Life Strategy 2022 2024 have been developed from consideration of the evidence (secondary data sources against indicators across common themes that are considered to be fundamental to Quality of Life) and the challenges that we are facing in the delivery of our services to our residents and communities.

2. Findings

- 2.1 In researching the area of Quality of Life we came across a number of pieces of work which we felt were helpful to us in developing the strategy. The Centre for Thriving Places has developed the Thriving Places Index which uses secondary data from a number of indicators across common themes that are considered to be fundamental to Quality of Life. This index provides for comparison at a district level and comparison against the England average. The Co-op Community Wellbeing Index provides data to an individual community level. The Quality of Life Foundation provides a framework which can be used to deliver Quality of Life initiatives. The main reason for detailing these in the strategy is that they triangulate the understanding of the components of Quality of Life and all include common themes.
- 2.2 Health and Wellbeing and Quality of Life are inextricably linked and again we can see this from key pieces of work looking at health inequalities and the wider determinants of health and the common themes that have emerged. We referenced three key pieces of work, the first being the Marmot Review which although over 12 years old is still relevant today as shown by the review undertaken in 2020 at its 10 year anniversary. The Chief Medical Officer's Annual Report 2021, Health in Coastal Communities and the All Party Parliamentary Group, Rural Health and Care Parliamentary Inquiry February 2022 are much more recent and in some respects more directly relevant in that they identify the common issues experienced in coastal and rural communities and the general trend towards an increase in health inequality.
- 2.3 Considering Quality of Life in the context of Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs has a particular resonance developing a strategy during a pandemic. When the traditional role of the local authority has changed and become even more focused on the needs of the vulnerable as a greater proportion of our residents found themselves in need of our support to provide the most basic of needs. A Quality of Life Strategy could focus on support to reach the top of the pyramid but it is important to recognise that inequality and disadvantage are compounded hence the need to focus on helping people to get a good start in life from which they can build.

2.4 We have set out the Big Issues against which we have developed our action plan. The Big Issues are a combination of those areas against which we are doing less well than the England average in the Thriving Places Index and the challenges that we are facing or will increasingly face over the life time of the strategy. We have 11 Big Issues and 28 actions. Some of these actions are new and some of the actions recognise the work that is being already delivered or due to be delivered and which relates to other Corporate Plan priorities. In addition there is a lot of good work that is being delivered across the Council as part of the delivery against other Corporate Plan themes where although it will have a positive impact on the Quality of Life of our residents it has not been identified as a specific priority for our Quality of Life Strategy.

3. Corporate Plan Objectives

3.1 Quality of Life is one of the 6 Corporate Plan objectives.

4. Medium Term Financial Strategy

4.1 There are no implications for the Medium Term Financial Strategy. The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 Action Plan will be delivered within existing allocated resource. The Action Plan highlights where there may be opportunities to lever in external funding.

5. Financial and Resource Implications

5.1 There are no implications for the Medium Term Financial Strategy. The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 Action Plan will be delivered within existing allocated resource. The Action Plan highlights where there may be opportunities to lever in external funding.

6. Legal Implications

6.1 There are no legal implications arising from the Quality of Life Strategy 2022 - 2024.

7. Risks

7.1 There is reputational risk to the Council if it doesn't deliver against its Corporate Plan and Delivery Plan objectives.

8. Sustainability

8.1 The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 highlights sustainability as one of the Big Issues and the action plan includes actions related to sustainability, these are actions however that have been highlighted by other pieces of work undertaken by the Council including the Net Zero 2030 Strategy and Action Plan, the Council's Environmental Charter, Green Flag status for open spaces and Air Quality in addition to the implementation of the new Local Plan.

9. Climate / Carbon impact

9.1 The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 highlights sustainability as one of the Big Issues and the action plan includes actions related to sustainability, these are actions however that have been highlighted by other pieces of work undertaken by the Council including the Net Zero 2030 Strategy and Action Plan, the Council's Environmental Charter, Green Flag status for open

spaces and Air Quality in addition to the implementation of the new Local Plan.

10. Equality and Diversity

10.1 The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 highlights People and Community as one of the Big Issues and the action plan includes an action to develop and implement an Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy. The thrust of the Strategy is to highlight the importance of tackling inequalities and focusing our effort on the most vulnerable in our society.

11. Section 17 Crime and Disorder considerations

11.1 The Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 highlights working in partnership as one of the Big Issues and the action plan includes an action to continue to support the work of the Norfolk Community Safety Partnership.

12. Conclusion and Recommendations

12.1 The development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy is a key objective in the Council's Corporate Delivery Plan. The Strategy has been developed and is presented for approval by Cabinet.



North Norfolk District Council

Quality of Life Strategy 2022 - 2024

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North Norfolk District Council Quality of Life Strategy 2022 - 2024

Introduction

Background

The Council's Corporate Plan 2019 – 2023 sets out the Council's priorities. Quality of Life is one of the Council's six priorities. The Council recognises that whilst the majority of the residents of the District enjoy a good quality of life, the rurality and coastal location does present some challenges for our residents.

Public transport in large parts of the district is limited and expensive and those without personal transport will find it difficult to access a wide variety of public services. The younger and older members of our community along with those experiencing poor health or disability will feel the greatest impact. This will limit the opportunity of younger people in accessing post-16 education and jobs. It will also limit opportunities for their social interaction.

The District has an ageing population with the highest average age of any local authority area in England (48 years 11 months). The District Council is committed to improving the wellbeing of the older people in our community enabling them to live independently and enjoy opportunities for social interaction to prevent loneliness.

The Council is committed to maintaining and enhancing its sports and leisure facilities; beaches and open spaces; tourist infrastructure and public conveniences and supporting cultural events which form an essential element of the District's appeal as a place to live and visit and which have a positive impact on the mental wellbeing of residents.

The Council recognises the need to work in partnership with a wide range of agencies to provide support to and improve the quality of life of our most vulnerable residents. It supports this through active engagement in multi-agency partnership arrangements, integration of services and effective referral arrangements and shared office arrangements.

The Purpose of the Quality of Life Strategy

This Quality of Life Strategy sets out the Council's priorities for Quality of Life. It also sets out the actions the Council intends to take to improve quality of life in the District.

- The Council's Corporate Plan objectives set out the key priority areas for Quality of Life, many of the actions linked to these objectives have been completed
- Our deeper exploration and understanding of quality of life and consideration of available evidence along with current national and international issues has identified some additional areas for action

The Strategy includes the actions and interventions which the Council will undertake to deliver the key priorities for Quality of Life and where it will seek to work in partnership with other statutory agencies, voluntary and community groups and residents.

Links to Other Strategies and Policies

The Quality of Life Strategy has links with a wide range of other Council strategies and policies. In preparing the Quality of Life Strategy we consulted with internal stakeholders. Our aim is to

ensure that we do not duplicate other strategies and policies and that the Quality of Life Strategy aligns with those strategies and policies.

Other strategies and policies that have links to the Quality of Life Strategy include; Local Plans (existing and emerging), Environmental Charter, Net Zero Strategy, Tree Planting Strategy, Housing Strategy, Homelessness and Rough Sleepers Strategy, Sports Strategy, Play Strategy, Customer Service Strategy, Customer Charter, Economic Growth Strategy, Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy and Welfare Benefit and Take-Up Strategy.

North Norfolk District Council is a partner of the Norfolk and Waveney Health and Wellbeing Board and is a signatory of the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2018-2022.

Structure of the Quality of Life Strategy

The Quality of Life Strategy has two main elements:

- 1. The process for developing the Strategy taking the Corporate Plan as a framework and looking at evidence of quality of life locally.
- 2. The proposed actions and intervention which the Council will undertake. We group these actions by quality of life theme:
 - Sustainability (and Energy Use)
 - Education and Learning
 - People and communities (and participation)
 - Transport and connectivity
 - Mental Health and Isolation
 - Housing
 - Covid Response and Recovery
 - Cost of Living
 - Levelling Up
 - Ukranian Refugee Resettlement
 - Working in Partnership

Developing the Quality of Life Strategy

We have developed the Quality of Life Strategy through:

- 1. Understanding what is meant by Quality of Life
- 2. Consideration of the wider determinants of health and links to Quality of Life
- 3. Analysis of evidence on the needs and challenges in the District which fall under the umbrella of Quality of Life
- 4. Reviewing the Council's Corporate Plan Objectives and current activity related to Quality of Life
- 5. Consultation with internal stakeholders.

Understanding what is meant by Quality of Life

The World Health Organisation defines quality of life as an individual's perception of their position in life in the context of the culture and value systems in which they live and in relation to their goals, expectations, standards and concerns.

We are aware that our residents will experience differing levels of quality of life at a point in time and over the course of their lives and this will be influenced by a number of factors including wealth, age, ill health and disability, ability to access services, isolation and control over their life.

This strategy seeks to focus on quality of life at a District population level rather than an individual level although the 'business as usual' services delivered by the Council and its partners have the ability to have a profound impact on the quality of life of individual residents and members of a household.

We have undertaken research to understand the issues relating to quality of life and have found the following to be most useful in developing our strategy and action plan.

Centre for Thriving Places – Thriving Places Index

The Thriving Places Index (TPI) measures the drivers of wellbeing at a Local Authority level using a broad set of indicators selected from datasets produced by reputable sources such as the Office for National Statistics (ONS), Public Health England (PHE) and the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD). Indicators selected, measure or provide a proxy for the key factors known to have an influence on wellbeing. It enables wellbeing to be considered in the round rather than simply in a health context.

The TPI is published at Local Authority level covering both single-tier and two-tier Local Authorities. All of the data is secondary data not usually published at geographies lower than Local Authority level – there are some exceptions, such as indicators from the IMD which go down to Lower Super Output Area (LSOA) level.

The Index identifies **local conditions** for wellbeing (is the Local Authority creating the right conditions for wellbeing?) and measures whether those conditions are being delivered **equally** (is wellbeing delivered fairly across the local area?) and **sustainably** (is wellbeing begin delivered sustainably?).

Each Local Authority area has a scorecard which shows the colour-coded scores for headline elements, domains and subdomains, with scores ranging from 0–10. Medium scores which are the same or very similar to the England average are coloured yellow; above or below averages scores are coloured in pale green and orange respectively; and very high or low scores are coloured in dark green and dark red respectively. A high score doesn't necessarily mean a place is doing as well as it possibly could on what is being captured by that element, domain or subdomain, but that it is doing better than other places (appendix 1).

Data is available for most of the indicators for 2019, 2020 and 2021 which allows for comparison over time. We are doing well compared to the England average in the headline of Equality, the domains of Income, Green Infrastructure and Gender and the subdomains of Safety, Healthy and risky Behaviours, Mortality and Life Expectancy and Community Cohesion. We are doing less well compared to the England average in the headline of Sustainability, the domains of Energy Use, Education and Learning and People and Community and the subdomains of Transport, Mental Health, Participation, Housing, Adult Education and Child Education (appendix 2).

We have taken the areas where we are doing less well in North Norfolk compared to the England average (and which therefore suggest we need to improve) and these have been included in our list of Big Issues.

Thriving Places Index | Centre for Thriving Places

Co-op Community Wellbeing Index

The Co-op Community Wellbeing Index (CWI) is the first measure of wellbeing at a local level across all four nations of the UK, with data covering more than 28,000 communities. The CWI allows users to view wellbeing scores across a range of different indicators from the quality of education, housing affordability and public transport links in an area, to the amount of green space and the number of community centres that are present providing a useful snapshot into the strengths and challenges facing each community.

The scores are displayed as between 0–100 with a high score representing a community that has scored well for a particular measure.

In developing the framework the Co-op worked with members of the public through workshops to understand what community wellbeing meant to them and to explore the key themes that contribute to a sense of leading a good life. In addition they reviewed evidence, frameworks and measures that already existed within the field of wellbeing and spoke to industry experts. The index has 3 pillars (People, Place and Relationships) and 9 domains that sit beneath these (3 per pillar) and one overall wellbeing score per community. There are over 50 different indicators within the index and for the vast majority data comes from open sources. The data is refreshed once a year to ensure that the information that it contains remains accurate, relevant and as up to date as possible (appendix 3).

The data is used by the Co-op to help understand more about how and where they should be targeting their work within communities and this has been made available as a tool for local authorities.

We see this as a useful tool to drill down at a grass roots level to explore quality of life further at a parish level alongside a new approach to Community Engagement. This will also provide a monitoring tool to see if and how quality of life is changing and allow us to undertake some further work to see how this is impacting across all parts of the local communities.

Home | Wellbeing Index (coop.co.uk)

Annual Population Survey

The Office for National Statistics as part of its Annual Residents Survey uses four survey questions – known as the ONS4 – to measure personal well-being and averages the scores for each of the questions. The respondent scores each of the questions on a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is 'not at all' and 10 is 'completely'.

Measure	Question	North Norfolk score (results to 31/03/2021)
Life satisfaction	Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?	7.74
Worthwhile	Overall, to what extent do you feel that the things you do in your life are worthwhile?	7.83
Happiness	Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?	7.62
Anxiety	On a scale where 0 is 'not at all anxious' and 10 is 'completely anxious', overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?	2.6

Personal well-being user guidance - Office for National Statistics (ons.gov.uk)

The Eastern Daily Press ran an article with the latest results for Norfolk (up to 31/03/2021). The article also included graphs with results for Happiness, Life Satisfaction and Worthwhile over the last 10 years (appendix 4).

It was reported in the article that personal wellbeing in England during the first and second wave of the coronavirus pandemic was among the lowest levels recorded since the survey was launched in 2011.

People living in North Norfolk were the least anxious in the county.

The Quality of Life Foundation

The Quality of Life Foundation is a charitable organisation committed to creating greater accountability and encouraging more sustainable models of development by making health and wellbeing central to the way we create and care for our homes and neighbourhoods. They describe quality of life as a person's physical, social and psychological wellbeing and the level to which individuals may feel their lives to be happy, active, sociable, interesting and meaningful. It encompasses a multiplicity of desirable conditions that are overlapping and have different scales.

This can also be understood as a hierarchy of needs from shelter, food and safety up to belonging, self-esteem and self-actualisation as described by Maslow (Maslow, 1943, pp.370–396).

The Quality of Life Foundation commissioned a literature review and undertook research to explore the effect of the built environment on our quality of life and developed a framework through which practical steps could be taken to make a difference. They identified six themes with each having three sub themes.

Control Influence Safety Permanence	Health Housing Air Quality Recreation 	Nature Green Space Interaction Environment
Wonder Culture Distinctiveness Playfulness	Movement Walking and Cycling Public Transport Cars 	BelongingDiversityNeighbourlinessServices

PD20-0742-QOLF-Framework_v09_LR.pdf

The Wider Determinants of Health and Health Inequalities

Our health is determined by a range of factors, these include:

- Age and genetic factors
- Health behaviours
- Socio-economic factors
- The built environment
- Clinical care

The social, economic and environmental factors are known as wider determinants of health. These influence our health more than other factors and many of them may be influenced by the work of the District Council. The differences in the care that people receive and the opportunities they have to lead healthy lives, can lead to differences in health outcomes and these are termed health inequalities (appendix 5 – Understanding the wider determinants of health).

The Marmot Review

Sir Michael Marmot was asked in 2008 by the then Secretary of State for Health to chair an independent review to propose the most effective evidence-based strategies for reducing health inequalities in England. The final report 'Fair Society Healthy Lives' published in February 2010 concluded that reducing health in equalities would require action on six policy objectives:

- 1. Give every child the best start in life
- 2. Enable all children, young people and adults to maximise their capabilities and have control over their lives
- 3. Create fair employment and good work for all
- 4. Ensure a healthy standard of living for all
- 5. Create and develop healthy and sustainable places and communities
- 6. Strengthen the role and impact of ill health prevention

The Marmot Review describes how the social gradient on health inequalities is reflected in the social gradient on educational attainment, employment, income, quality of neighbourhood and so on. The Marmot Review stresses the importance of taking a life course perspective and recognising that disadvantage accumulates throughout life. It follows that those that do not get the best start in life are less likely to experience a good quality of life.

We therefore need to ensure our approach is designed to address the needs of all; children and young people as well as working age adults and older people.

fair-society-healthy-lives-full-report-pdf.pdf (instituteofhealthequity.org)

The Institute of Health Equity undertook a review in 2020 to mark 10 years from this landmark study. The report highlights that;

- People can expect to spend more of their lives in poor health
- Improvements to life expectancy have stalled and declined for the poorest 10% of women
- The health gap has grown between wealthy and deprived areas
- Place matters and has an impact on life expectancy (hence why the new arrangements for Health and Wellbeing Partnerships are at a district council level).

Health Equity in England: The Marmot Review 10 Years On - The Health Foundation

There have been two major reports in recent months which highlight the need for specific focus on action to reduce the impact of health inequalities on coastal and rural communities – Chris Whitty, Chief Medical Officer's Annual Report 2021, Health in Coastal Communities and the report of the All Party Parliamentary Group, Rural Health and Care, February 2022.

Health in Coastal Communities – Chief Medical Officer's Annual Report 2021

The central argument of this report is that the health challenges of coastal towns, cities and other communities are serious, and their drivers are more similar than their nearest inland neighbour. This means a national strategy to address the repeated problems of health in coastal communities is needed in addition to local action. If the health problems of coastal communities are not tackled vigorously and systematically there will be a long tail of preventable ill health which will get worse as current populations age.

The report identifies that there are many reasons for poor health outcomes in coastal communities. The pleasant environment attracts older, retired citizens to settle, who inevitably have more and increasing health problems. An oversupply of guest housing has

led to Houses of Multiple Occupation which lead to concentrations of deprivation and ill health. The sea is a benefit but also a barrier: attracting NHS and social care staff to

peripheral areas is harder, catchment areas for health services are artificially foreshortened and transport is often limited, in turn limiting job opportunities. Many coastal communities were created around a single industry such as previous versions of tourism, or fishing, or port work that have since moved on, meaning work can often be scarce or seasonal.

Given the known high rates of preventable illness in these areas, the lack of available data on the health of coastal communities has been highlighted by the report with coastal communities having been long neglected and overlooked with limited research on their health and wellbeing. The focus has tended towards inner city or rural areas with too little attention given to the nation's periphery. Data is rarely published at a geographical level granular enough to capture coastal outcomes, with most data only available at local authority or Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) level. As a result, deprivation and ill health at the coast is hidden by relative affluence just inland which is lumped together. The report explores the experiences of local leaders, along with analysis of what data exist, to help understand the health and wellbeing of coastal communities. Coastal communities are not homogenous, and each is shaped by its own unique history and culture. They do, however, share many similar characteristics, which lend to the development of common policy responses. A need has been identified for a national strategy informed by common groups, and underpinned by local actions aligned with a sustained evidence is needed to help tackle health inequalities in these areas.

The report highlights the significant strengths in coastal communities along with many exemplary and impressive examples of local work taking place to support the health of local citizens. The vulnerability of these communities is not a new revelation, and the economic problems they face have been highlighted in several recent reports including in relation to the impact of COVID-19.

<u>Chief Medical Officer's Annual Report 2021 - Health in Coastal Communities</u> (publishing.service.gov.uk)

All Party Parliamentary Group (APPG) Rural Health and Care – Parliamentary Inquiry February 2022

The report highlights that for too long people in rural and coastal areas have experienced poorer access to health and social care services than their counterparts in cities and towns. For many, the prospects of a healthy life are also worse, somewhat at odds with the perceived benefits of living the idyllic rural life.

It acknowledges that *it is often more difficult to provide services to dispersed populations or those living in more remote coastal communities with provision of services generally being poorer than in more heavily populated parts of the country. Public transport is often a major impediment to accessing health and social care, not just for patients but also for staff travelling to work. Cars have become essential for most people living in sparsely populated communities with many more households owning a car than in urban areas. Ironically, vehicle ownership is often seen as a measure of affluence, rather than a necessity and cars owned in rural settings are on average older and less energy efficient. Similarly, housing is also more expensive (excluding London), often less well maintained and again less energy efficient. Poorer educational provision and facilities for young people, fewer day centres for those of more advanced years, lack lustre digital connectivity, poor housing stock, and economic uncertainty in agricultural and agrarian industries all influence the health and wellbeing of rural residents. It is not just access to healthcare that is compromised, but the very determinants of health itself.*

In essence, rural residents are disadvantaged throughout the life-course compared to their urban counterparts. Access to maternity care is more problematical; the wider community services for children and young people are less accessible; primary and secondary care are less readily available for people of working age, including preventative and screening services; and the provision of both health and social services for the growing proportion of older citizens is increasingly inadequate. We are not offering equal care for all in England, despite the commitment to do so.

Three of the 12 recommendations are particularly relevant to Local Authorities looking to address issues linked to quality of life;

Recommendation 1: Rurality and its infrastructure must be redefined to allow a better understanding of how it impinges on health outcomes

Recommendation 4: "Rural health" proof housing, transport and technology policy

Recommendation 12: Empower the community and voluntary sector to own prevention and wellbeing

RuralHealthandCareAPPGInguiryRep.pdf (rsnonline.org.uk)

We know from our exploration of quality of life that health and health inequalities are significant factors and the conclusions and recommendations of these reports will help us to shape our actions in addressing quality of life

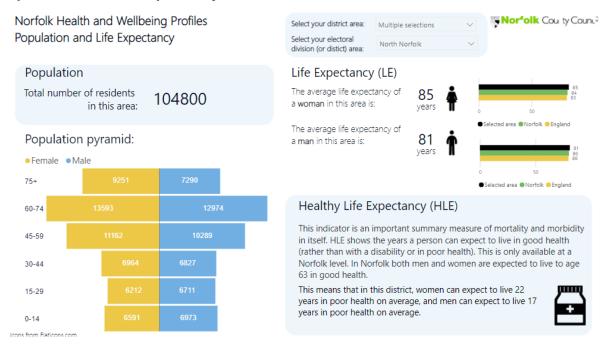
We can see how our actions delivered part of our Quality of Life Strategy will also have implications for our work on Health and Wellbeing and will support our leadership role in the setting up and development of the new Health and Wellbeing Partnership for the North Norfolk district. We will soon be turning our focus to the development of a Health and Wellbeing Strategy to influence our activity in addressing health inequalities and promoting healthy lifestyles and in turn hope to be able to harness the resources of the wider partnership to support this work.

North Norfolk Health Profiles

The Health Profiles for the District produced by Public Health colleagues highlight the areas of concern when comparing the data for North Norfolk (selected area – black bar) compared to Norfolk and England.

Health & wellbeing profiles - JSNA - Norfolk Insight

Population and Life Expectancy



Although life expectancy in the District is better than that of both Norfolk and England, there is concern that these additional years are likely to be spent in poor health and that this will not only reduce the quality of life of the individuals concerned but could reduce the quality of life

more generally at a community level as greater pressure is placed on services and in particular health and social care services.

Early Years

We know how important getting off to a good start in life is. The early years development indicator shows that children in North Norfolk are not getting off to as good a start as those in Norfolk and England and this is likely to affect life opportunities in later years.



Children and Young People

GCSE attainment is lower than for Norfolk and England and although low in number there is some concern over the number of teenage pregnancies in the District.

Norfolk Health an	d Wellbeing Profiles	Select your district area:	Multiple selections	\sim	Norfolk County Council		
Children and Your	ng People	Select your electoral division (or distict) area:	North Norfolk	\sim			
There are approximately 14000 children aged 5-19 in this area. They make up 13% of the population (the Norfolk average is 16% of the population).		Healthy Weight There is concern about the rise of childhood obesity and the implications of					
GCSE Attainment Children's education and devel individual's and community res	lopment of skills contributes to the illience.		nto adulthood. As child re obesity-related ill hea		der, the risk of obesity in eased.		
63% achieving English and maths grades 9-4 (A*-C)	43 43 64 0 50	19% Year 6 childre are obese	en o 10 © Selected area @ Norfolk	19 20 21 20 • England	There are approximately 2600 school age children who are obese in this area.		
Young people who are not in	Selected area Norfolk England ployment or Training (NEET) education, employment or training are at ative outcomes, including poor health, ad.	abortion. While it can b is extremely difficult and parent and the child.	ancy cies are unplanned and a le positive for some, for n d often results in poor ou ancy data is not available	nany teenag tcomes for	gers bringing up a child both the teenage		
On average in Norfolk 3.8 are NEET. In this area it is:	% of 17 and 18 year olds 3% of 17 and 18 year olds were NEET	19.1 per 1,000 girls aged 15-17	o 10 • Selected area • Norfolk • 1	19.1 17.1 16.7 England	In this area there were 25 prégnancies in women aged under 18 last year.		

Page¹⁰34

Icons

Ch

Adult Lifestyles

The percentage of residents in the District who smoke is lower than in Norfolk but higher than in England.

Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Profiles Adult Lifestyle

There are approximately 52100 adults aged 20-64 living in this area, they make up 50% of the population (the Norfolk average is 54% of the population).

Central government's prevention strategy states that healthy choices are not always easy or obvious. There is a role for local authorities and partners to create the environment that makes healthy choices as easy as possible.

Smoking

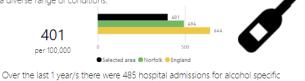
Smoking is a major risk factor for many diseases, such as lung cancer, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) and heart disease. Smoking is the leading cause of premature deaths.



Select your district area: Multiple selections
Select your electoral division (or distict) area: North Norfolk

Alcohol

Alcohol is England's second biggest cause of premature deaths behind tobacco. Alcohol consumption is a contributing factor to hospital admissions and deaths from a diverse range of conditions.



Over the last 1 year/s there were 485 hospital admissions for alcohol specific conditions from this area.

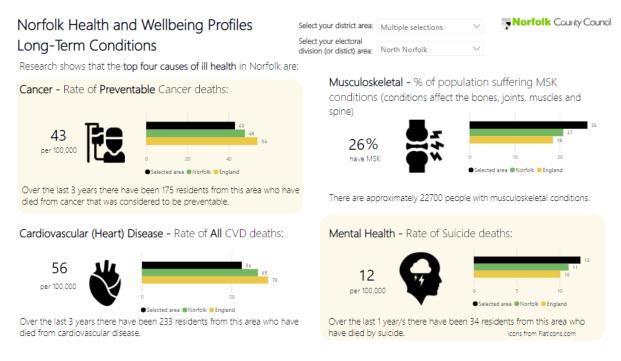
Healthy Weight





Long term conditions

The percentage of the population in the District suffering from musculoskeletal conditions is significantly higher than in both Norfolk and England. The rate of suicide in the District is also of concern.



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Older People

The proportion of the population aged 65 and over is significantly higher than the Norfolk figure at 33% and 25% respectively.



Deprivation and Crime

Crime levels in the District are lower than in Norfolk.

Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Profiles Deprivation and Crime

Deprivation and Poverty

Evidence says that people living in the most deprived areas face the worse health inequalities in relation to health access, experiences and outcomes.

What defines whether an area is a deprived area is based on a number of characteristics included in the 'Index of Multiple Deprivation' including income, employment; education and training; health and disability; crime; barriers to housing and services; and living environment

The level of deprivation in this area is is simila to the Norfolk average.





North Norfolk ranks 127 out of the 317 LA districts in England (where 1 is the most deprived).

None of the neighbourhoods in North Norfolk are considered to be amongst the most deprived neighbourhoods in the country, but that does not mean that some people are not experiencing deprivation.

Select your electoral North Norfolk division (or distict) area: Crime and Antisocial Behaviour

Antisocial behaviour

Last year there were 1222 recorded antisocial behaviour incidents in this area. per 1,000

Select your district area: Multiple selections

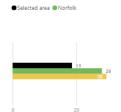
Violent Crime

Last year there were 1952 recorded violent crimes in this area.

per 1.000

12

19



folk 🛑 Engla

Selected area

Sound County Council

Domestic Abuse

Awaiting data

The Corporate Plan

Quality of Life is a key priority for North Norfolk District Council with a focus on supporting our communities to be strong and vibrant with a particular emphasis on accessibility and provision of services, encouraging activity and healthier lifestyles and promoting general wellbeing and positive mental health through investing in our cultural heritage and our natural assets.

One of the six themes within the current Corporate Plan is Quality of Life and within this theme there are a number of objectives most of which have been either completed or significantly progressed. The progress is summarised at appendix 6 to:

- Reassure stakeholders of action the Council is already taking (and therefore show where it is not necessary to include new action in the Quality of Life Strategy).
- Identify the resources already used to deliver quality of life objectives and which could, potentially be re-allocated (if current activity were stopped/reduced) to generate capacity for newer and higher priority Quality of Life actions.

Many of the other objectives under the other five Corporate Plan themes also contribute to quality of life, in order to avoid duplication we have made links to these areas rather than providing further commentary.

In addition the Council undertakes a wide range of activity supporting quality of life. This 'business as usual' activity and existing projects do not form part of the strategy.

nndc-corporate-plan-2019-to-2023.pdf (north-norfolk.gov.uk)

Consultation with stakeholders

We have decided to defer plans to undertake a Quality of Life survey of our residents (an action within our Corporate Plan). This will now form a key strand in our ongoing strategy development and will be held over to inform the next strategy hence why this strategy has a shorter time period for its focus and delivery.

In January 2022 we formed a project group of internal stakeholders to inform the development of the Quality of Life Strategy. The group met three times over the course of the next three months. In addition key groups have been consulted during the strategy development process including the Operational Management Team and Management Team.

The Council recognises the importance of wider stakeholder consultation and is currently developing a Community Engagement Strategy. The Council will seek endorsement of its strategy through a number of routes including the Town and Parish Council Forum, the soon to be formed Health and Wellbeing Partnership and through grass roots engagement with communities over the strategy period. The Council will fully embed its community engagement framework to ensure robust stakeholder consultation for the subsequent strategy in 2024.

The Big Issues for North Norfolk

These are the headline issues identified from analysis of quality of life indicators for the District along with the current and pressing issues being faced by the nation as we start to move towards recovery from the Covid pandemic.

Sustainability

Sustainability covers a range of indicators including CO2 Emissions, Energy Consumption, Household Waste Generation, Household Recycling, Housing Energy Efficiency, Renewable Electricity Generation, Land Use Change and Tree Cover. In 2019 and 2020 our performance against these indicators was similar to the England average but in 2021 dropped to worse than the England average.

Indicators relating to **Energy Use** including Co2 Emissions and Energy Consumption are significantly below the England average. The Council declared a climate emergency in 2019 and is working hard to reduce its carbon emissions to net-zero by 2030 and has signed up to an Environmental Charter and these will form the main plank of the Council's efforts.

Education and Learning

Although North Norfolk District Council is not directly responsible for the education of children we understand the importance of other aspects of quality of life that will impact on a child's ability to learn including a safe, warm, secure and stable home, in a clean and safe environment in a safe and welcoming community. Other key factors are encouragement and aspiration and being healthy and nourished. Early years and pre-school experiences will prepare a child for the more formal learning environment and play and positive parenting are essential as are recognising where parents need help and support.

We need to ensure that children and young people can see opportunity to reward their efforts in learning and obtaining qualifications through access to post 16 learning and vocational opportunities, apprenticeships and good quality jobs. We need to motivate our young people to remain in the area and contribute to creating a vibrant economy. It has already been identified that the lack of public transport is a barrier to accessing post 16 learning.

Where residents have not realised their learning potential at school they need to be able to access adult learning opportunities to realise that potential in later life.

Childcare quality is increasingly important where families are reliant on both parents working.

People and Community

The indicators relating to People and Community include Participation, Culture and Community Cohesion. Participation is the weakest area out of these for North Norfolk, but it is also worth focusing on the social fragmentation aspect of Community Cohesion which is linked to suicide rates which are higher than the Norfolk and England average.

Participation

We recognise the need to improve our engagement with our residents and customers – our Community Engagement Strategy which is currently being developed and our Customer Service Strategy and Customer Charter will be key planks of this work. We are also improving engagement with Town and Parish Councils through the Town and Parish Council Forum. We are particularly keen to work with schools and colleges to ensure that the voice of young people is heard and informs council decision-making through the establishment of a Youth Council. We believe that positive work across all of these fronts will result in a greater desire for residents to want to influence decisions over their local community which will result in increased voter turnout in both local and national elections.

It is hoped that increased participation in local decision making will also increase the desire of residents to become more involved in their local communities across a spectrum of activity

resulting in more and varied organised activities and events including sports clubs and societies managed by member organisations through volunteers.

Transport and Connectivity

We are aware that many of our residents are reliant on personal transport to access services, take their children to school, travel to work, provide informal care to family members and for socialisation. We accept that for many car ownership supports personal freedom.

We are also aware however that we need to encourage residents to reduce their reliance on cars, to reduce emissions and pollution, to reduce congestion in our towns and villages and to make our roads safer for pedestrians and cyclists. By doing this we can also encourage our residents to be more active. The costs of driving have increased significantly in recent times and continue to do so and so providing viable alternative options will help residents with managing the costs of daily life and generally increase their quality of life.

We do not have control over the provision of public transport in the area but can use our influence as a community leader to highlight the importance of regular bus and train services to our towns and villages. We can support the voluntary and community sector to provide more flexible and bespoke options for the more vulnerable members of our communities through our Community Transport Fund.

We can be more flexible in how we support our customers by facilitating and encouraging digital transactions where appropriate and explore opportunities to take services to our more vulnerable customers where this is not possible. Ultrafast Broadband connectivity will support this whilst improving access to a wide range of services and opportunities including the ability to work from home thus reducing the need to travel and car usage. Our Customer Service Strategy and Customer Charter will form a key plank of this work.

We will not be able to eliminate the use of vehicles and are therefore supporting the provision of electric vehicle charging points in key locations within our towns to reduce emissions and support our Environmental Charter.

A key measure in the index is minimum journey time to key services by car, public transport or walking and cycling – it is unlikely that we will be able to sufficiently influence these to improve our performance.

	North Norfolk	Norfolk
Minimum journey time (minutes) to 8 key services by car	17.9	12.9
Minimum journey time (minutes) to 8 key services by public transport or walking	34.1	25.4
Minimum journey time (minutes) to 8 key services by bicycle	35.3	23.8

GOV.UK. (n.d.). *Journey time statistics, England: 2019*. [online] Available at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/journey-time-statistics-england-2019

Mental health and Isolation

There are particular concerns relating to isolation which are in some cases linked to rural isolation and connectivity but which can also be linked to social isolation particularly for older and disabled people and for marginalised and disadvantaged groups. For the majority these will have an impact on an individual's general wellbeing but for others will manifest in severe and enduring mental illness which will then impact on physical health and relationships. There

is particular concern about the incidence of suicide and the potential for dementia diagnosis and loneliness experienced by our ageing population. This is made worse by the lack of domiciliary care to support older people to live independently in their own homes and the lack of suitable supported housing solutions for older people.

Housing

We recognise the importance of good quality, secure and affordable housing on the health and wellbeing and quality of life of our residents. We are also aware of the devastating impact of homelessness and the marginalization of those who find themselves sleeping rough. We do not underestimate the size of the challenge when there is pressure on our housing stock to contribute to the delivery of a vibrant tourist economy and much needed jobs and limitations on delivering new housing due to the need to preserve our natural environment. For this reason Housing is one of our six themes in our Corporate Plan and we have a Housing Strategy and separate Homelessness and Rough Sleeper Strategy to focus our efforts.

Covid Recovery and Response

It is too early to say whether we can now move our focus from Covid response and outbreak management to Covid recovery. The early indications are that the pandemic has exacerbated health inequalities and we await data to be able to determine the full impact.

For many the pandemic changed the way we lived, learnt and worked and for some these changes might become the new norm as we adjust to a post pandemic world. It has impacted jobs, finance, education, families, caring responsibilities and social life and placed immense pressure on essential workers. Some groups have been affected more than others and moving forward we will need to focus more of our efforts towards those with the greatest needs.

Many people's mental health has been affected due to factors including furlough, job losses, loss of income, reduced social contact and family bereavement. There is now even more demand for what were previously stretched mental health services. Physical health has also been affected due to limited access to primary and secondary health care services including prevention and screening and a hesitancy of patients to access services for fear of contracting Covid. Although most people who contracted Covid did not suffer unduly, some have suffered lasting respiratory and organ damage and some have developed the long term debilitating Long Covid condition. There is now a significant backlog for most health services. It is fair to say that we will be managing the impacts of the pandemic for years to come.

The Health and Wellbeing Partnerships in Norfolk have each been allocated £347,500 to address some of the worst impacts of the pandemic and to assist with Covid recovery. Decisions on how this is utilised will be taken by the Partnership once established in April (in shadow).

Cost of Living

Just as we are planning for Covid Recovery we are also planning to mitigate the worst impacts of what has been described as a Cost of Living 'crisis'. Food banks have become an essential service within our communities for those who do not have sufficient money to pay bills including rent and utilities and are having to make difficult decisions between heating their homes and putting food on the table. The significant inflationary pressures on the cost of housing, food, energy and petrol will mean that many of our residents will be affected. This is likely to have a significant impact on the general wellbeing of many and for some will result in levels of anxiety and depression that will be harmful to both mental and physical health.

Levelling-Up

The Government has set out its ambition for addressing the geographical inequality in opportunity that is present across the country. It aims to give everybody the opportunity to flourish, enabling people to live longer, more fulfilling lives and benefit from sustained rises in living standards and well-being.

Much of the approach, set out in the Levelling-Up White Paper, complements this Quality of Life strategy with additional policy initiatives, to drive Levelling-Up across the United Kingdom, and further White Papers designed to tackle the drivers of disparities in health outcomes expected in the near future.

It is anticipated that Levelling-Up will result in potentially significant investment in areas where the geographical inequality is identified.

Ukranian Refugee Resettlement

It is possible that our communities will continue to rally and respond to the plight of fleeing Ukranians. As a result of this some local residents may reframe their lives such that their own worries will seem trivial in comparison. We need to play our part in this massive effort whilst still delivering services to local residents and meeting their needs and doing what we can to address the health inequalities we have identified. We have to be alert however to the community tensions that might at some point arise and recognise the need to provide support to both the Ukranian refugees, our communities and individuals within our communities. Our Community Engagement Strategy and action plan and our Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy will be important to our success.

Working in Partnership

We are ideally placed to identify, and tackle the causes of inequality within our district. In doing so we can improve the quality of life of our residents. We already provide services to our residents through the delivery of both statutory and discretionary services, which have been designed to reflect their needs.

The issues that make up a person's quality of life are both varied and complex and whilst, we as a District Council, can address some of those through delivery of our services, other elements are firmly within the scope of other organisations, such as clinical provision through the NHS and Public Health through the County Council. Due to the complex factors it is often the case that issues cannot be addressed unless partners work together.

In order to be effective and to maximise the effectiveness of the relatively small financial resources available to the authority it is necessary for us to work collaboratively with a wide range of partners. Some of these partnerships and joint working arrangements are well established and the Covid pandemic has provided opportunities to both strengthen these existing arrangements and develop new ones.

The introduction of the Integrated Care system and the soon to be established Health and Wellbeing Partnerships on existing District Council boundaries provides us with a perfect opportunity to provide leadership at a Place level.

As well as the statutory organisations, there is a range of community and voluntary groups who provide services and support, either across our district, or on a more local community level. The community and voluntary sectors have similar constraints of limited resource and capacity but play a vital role in quality of life for those they work with. The impact that can be made on quality of life inequalities will be greater if we add value to the work of others and they add value to the work we do.

Conclusions and Further Work

North Norfolk is an outstanding place to live, work, do business and visit. Many people choose to remain living in, move to or visit North Norfolk for the quality of life that it offers. The area is distinctive with large areas of outstanding natural beauty, long stretches of coastline and Broads which are a haven for wildlife and provide many and varied opportunities for leisure and recreation. There are many attractive villages and market towns with historical and cultural offerings. Yet these things which are valued as integral to quality of life can also bring challenges which can undermine their value for the more disadvantaged and marginalised within our communities.

Our Mission is to tackle these challenges head on to create a fair and welcoming inclusive North Norfolk where everyone can thrive, secure quality homes and good jobs whilst protecting and conserving our environment and delivering a sustainable future.

We know that improving quality of life for all will be challenging and that this will be difficult to measure. We have decided to develop this strategy around some immediate priorities and to review where we are after two years. During this time we will be putting in place robust mechanisms to engage with our communities at a grass roots level such that the next strategy will be informed by the priorities which are being communicated to us by our communities.

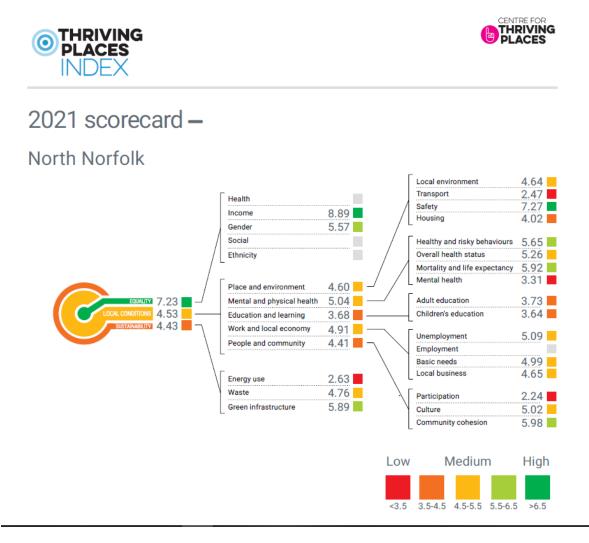
Actions for the Quality of Life Strategy

We have developed a number of actions to deliver against the Big Issues identified in the Strategy. A detailed action plan is included at appendix 7.

We are confident that the actions can be delivered within existing resources and from resources that have been set aside to deliver Corporate Plan priorities. We have identified where we will seek to supplement our resource through bidding for external funding and seeking to align the resources of partners/influencing how partners use their resources.

The action plan will be a living document and progress against our action plan will be monitored on a quarterly basis with a more formal annual review and report on progress. This will enable us to bring in more actions if circumstance and capacity allows. For this reason we have deliberately included the actions in a separate document rather than detailing them within the strategy document itself.

Appendix 1 - Centre for Thriving Places, Thriving Places Index



Appendix 2 - Centre for Thriving Places, Thriving Places Index

Арре	endix 2 - Centre for		, innvin	y Flaces	muex			
Headline element	Domain	Subdomain	2019	colour	2020	colour	2021	colour
Local conditions			4.99		5.03		4.53	
	Place and Environment		4.96		4.41		4.60	
		Local environment	5.58		5.16		4.64	
		Transport	3.03		1.72		2.47	
		Safety	7.33		7.06		7.27	
		Housing	3.90		3.70		4.02	
	Mental and Physical Health	riousing	5.93		5.77		5.04	
		Healthy and risky behaviours	6.32		6.21		5.65	
		Overall health status	5.35		5.26		5.26	
		Mortality and life expectancy	6.12		5.83		5.92	
		Mental health					3.31	
	Education and Learning		3.24		3.87		3.68	
		Adult education	2.60		3.85		3.73	
		Children's education	3.89		3.89		3.64	
	Work and local economy		5.46		6.12		4.91	
		Unemployment	8.12		8.27		5.09	
		Employment	3.71					
		Basic needs	4.78		4.88		4.99	
		Local businesses	5.21		5.21		4.65	
	People and community		5.36		4.96		4.41	
		Participation	5.08		3.30		2.24	
		Culture	5.11		5.02		5.02	
		Community cohesion	5.88		6.57		5.98	
Sustainability			5.17		4.77		4.43	
	Energy use				3.20		2.63	
	Waste				4.79		4.76	
	Green infrastructure				6.32		5.89	
Equality			6.57		6.82		7.23	
	Health							
	Income		7.14		8.16		8.89	
	Gender		5.99		5.48		5.57	

NB: Income indicator is 80/20 percentile weekly earnings difference

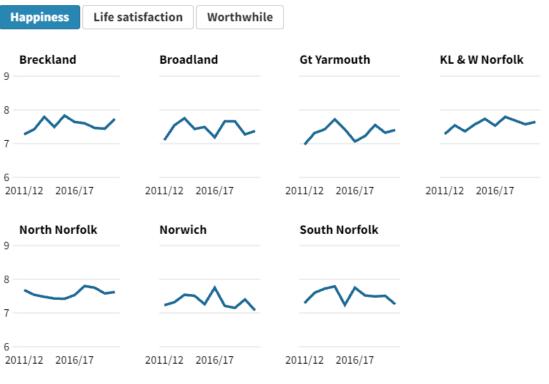
		being Index cwi-technical-report.pdf (coop.co.uk)
People	Health	Access to health services
		Hypertension and heart failure
		Drugs used in diabetes
		Anti-depressants
		Obesity
		Dementia
	Education and	Access to schools
	learning	Access to good schools
	Ŭ	Access to adult education
		Access to libraries
		School quality
	Economy, work and	Proximity of work to home
	employment	Hours worked
		Household income
		Vacant commercial units
		Free school meals
		Unemployment
		Distance to nearest shop
		Distance to nearest Post Office
		Presence of Co-op/SE/CO per 10,000 population
Place	Culture, leisure and	Places of worship
	heritage	Types of workers
		Access for leisure
		Museums, art galleries, music halls and theatres
		Listed Buildings
	Housing, space and	Affordability
	environment	Overcrowding
		Green space
		Public spaces
	Transport, mobility	
Relationships		
•		•
		Household churn
		Long-term health status
		Crime in the locale
		Crime in the town centre
		Neighbourhood watch scheme
	Equality	
		Independent schools
		Qualifications
		Ethnic equality
		Relative affluence
	Voice and	Voter turnout
	· ·	
Relationships	Transport, mobility and connectivity Relationships and trust Equality Voice and participation	Long-term health status Crime in the locale Crime in the town centre Neighbourhood watch scheme House price gap Second home ownership Independent schools Qualifications Ethnic equality Relative affluence Long-term security

Appendix 3 - Co-op Community Wellbeing Index <u>cwi-technical-report.pdf</u> (coop.co.uk)

Appendix 4 – ONS4 Annual Residents Survey results as reported in the EDP 23 March 2022

Well-being in Norfolk in the last 10 years

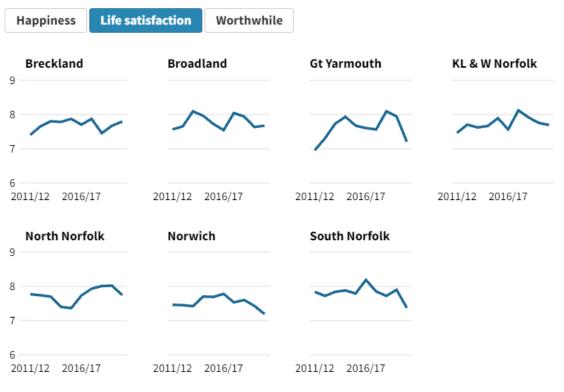
2011/12 to 2020/21



Source: ONS - Annual Population Survey

Well-being in Norfolk in the last 10 years

2011/12 to 2020/21



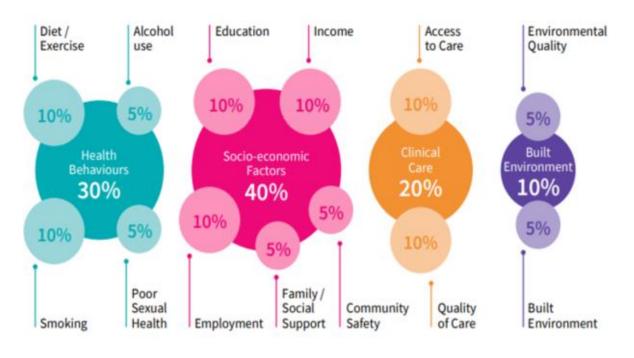
Source: ONS - Annual Population Survey

Well-being in Norfolk in the last 10 years 2011/12 to 2020/21

Happiness Life sa	tisfaction Worthwhi	ile	
Breckland	Broadland	Gt Yarmouth	KL & W Norfolk
8	\sim	\sim	\sim
6 2011/12 2016/17	2011/12 2016/17		2011/12 2016/17
North Norfolk	Norwich	South Norfolk	
8 ~~~	\sim	~~~~	
7			
6 2011/12 2016/17	2011/12 2016/17	2011/12 2016/17	

Source: ONS - Annual Population Survey

Appendix 5 - Wider Determinants of Health



Castle Point & Rochford Health and Wellbeing Strategy 2022 - 2025

Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation and University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute in US to rank countries by health status.

Appendix 6 – Update on objectives contained within North Norfolk District Council Corporate Plan 2019 - 2024

Objective	Action	Progress
Undertaking a Quality of Life Survey to inform the development and implementation of a Quality of Life Strategy so as to improve the health and mental wellbeing of communities and individuals across North Norfolk	Undertake a Quality of Life Survey amongst local residents in order to understand the issues people face and to identify ways in which the Council (and its partners) can help those, in all communities, to access the things that they need. Working with appropriate partners, the survey will use existing evidence but also seek to fill gaps in data. It will need to take account of and inform many of the other activities in this delivery plan, such as: • access to services • housing • environmental quality • potential influences of climate change	Delayed Delivery of this objective in the way originally intended (through extensive community engagement) has been significantly compromised due to COVID as it hasn't been possible to undertake face to face surveys and many aspects of normal life have been suspended through lockdowns, phased lifting of social distancing restrictions etc. Priority has been given to developing a Quality of Life strategy based on known local data sets and indicators, with engagement mechanisms to be developed in the medium term such that work on the strategy isn't delayed further.
Developing and implementing a Quality of Life Strategy (to improve health and mental wellbeing of communities and individuals)	Develop a Quality of Life Strategy to ensure services, provided by the Council (and its partners) that impact on local quality of life, respond to issues raised by those in our local communities. The Strategy should be inclusive of all groups within society but also address any specific needs identified in the Quality of Life Survey. It will include: • influences on physical and mental wellbeing across all age groups • access to healthy, active lifestyles • access to the arts and the celebration of local culture • engagement in local community activities • isolation • innovative ways of treating health conditions, e.g. social prescribing	Completed - Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 (developed March 2022) Notwithstanding the challenges of the COVID pandemic – particularly in limiting participation in many voluntary and community organisations, the strength of community organisations and social networks across North Norfolk has underpinned much of the District's response to the COVID situation. Early in the pandemic many local neighbourhood support groups were established or developed out of town and parish councils and similar bodies to work alongside the District Council in co-ordinating support to vulnerable members of the community who were shielding or self- isolating in accordance with Government guidance.

	 access for all to services and facilities Work with local communities and partner organisations to implement the Quality of Life Strategy and enable activities that assist in its delivery. communicate the strategy to those involved in its delivery or are affected by it raise awareness and encourage interest in the development of actions that achieve the objectives in the strategy ensure that the strategy is embedded in all relevant services, activities, projects and decisions undertaken by the Council monitor the implementation & effectiveness of the strategy 	Despite the COVID pandemic, the District Council has continued to support local community organisations deliver quality of life outcomes through key community and voluntary sector activity through the North Norfolk Sustainable Communities Fund, Community Transport Grants and Arts Grants mechanisms
Sports Strategy ບ ມ		Completed Sports and Physical Activity Development Strategy 2018-2023
Continued investment in Cromer Pier agan iconic heritage and cultural attraction	Maintain and enhance the physical structure of Cromer Pier, its historic Pavilion Theatre and continue to work with partners to develop a programme of shows, events and appropriate activities that attract a wide audience, in order to celebrate the unique qualities that make this heritage asset an icon of the District that benefits residents, businesses and the wider local economy	Ongoing Annual programme maintenance / 5yr contract Programme of refurbishment has continued despite COVID with minimal delays / slippage Ongoing discussions with operator of the Pier to understand impact of COVID on audiences, projected income / turnover and to agree a joint Recovery Plan as necessary Investment programme in pier continuing as programmed Recovery Plan for pier operations to be agreed based on 2020 and 2021 audience / visitor numbers
Public conveniences investment (Changing Places Facility in each of the 7 principal settlements)	Maintain the quality and accessibility of public conveniences, ensuring they are suitable to the needs of the community and visitors to the area	Ongoing Changing Place facilities provided in Cromer and Sheringham (The Reef). £300k successful bid submitted to Government Changing Places programme (September 2021) for North Walsham, Sheringham and Stalham.

		Ongoing investment in proposals and facilities which improve inclusion and accessibility of North Norfolk; with contracts let for new public toilets including Changing Place facilities at Queens Road, Fakenham and Stearmans Yard, Wells-next-the-Sea for delivery by March 2022
Developing and implementing an Accessibility Guide for the District	 Formulate and publish a guide (in appropriate, traditional and novel formats) to help communities: promote engagement tackle isolation improve accessibility to all (e.g. beach wheelchairs, community transport initiatives) address the needs of people with conditions that impact upon their quality of life (e.g. dementia) 	North Norfolk Accessibility Guide published April 2021 https://mediafiles.thedms.co.uk/Publication/EE- NN/cms/pdf/north_norfolk_accessibility_guide-2021.pdf Successful delivery of beach wheelchairs at Cromer and Sheringham during summer 2021 with huge volume of positive social media coverage achieved; with proposals now being developed to extend provision to Mundesley and Sea Palling in 2022. The Accessibility Guide is to be developed further as part of our engagement with local communities of interest
Health and Wellbeing Strategy		Delayed to be delivered as an action of Quality of Life Strategy – possibly a partnership strategy of the North Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Partnership
Maximising the level of external funding through working with partners to support community projects within the District	Identify new opportunities for funding to implement and promote the Quality of Life Strategy and achieve its outcomes. Seek opportunities to work with partners and local communities in developing projects and facilities that address the findings of the Quality of Life survey	Ongoing Development of revised proposal to provide a 3G multi- use pitch at North Walsham Football Club site pending Submission of bids to the Community Renewal Fund programme announced by the Government in March 2021 for proposals at Fakenham and North – not successful Submission of bid to Government Changing Places programme in September 2021 - £300k allocated

Support and nurture the development of strong, sustainable and healthy local communities	Review existing funding initiatives and investigate new schemes that assist local communities in addressing their needs and improving community wellbeing, via grants and community development support. Provide support and advice to local community organisations to help them access external funding opportunities and develop initiatives that address local needs and support community sustainability. Facilitate community initiatives, in accordance with the Quality of Life Strategy, that aim to improve the physical and mental wellbeing of local residents	Ongoing Notwithstanding the challenges of the COVID pandemic – particularly in limiting participation in many voluntary and community organisations, the strength of community organisations and social networks across North Norfolk has underpinned much of the District's response to the COVID situation. Early in the pandemic many local neighbourhood support groups were established or developed out of town and parish councils and similar bodies to work alongside the District Council in co-ordinating support to vulnerable members of the community who were shielding or self- isolating in accordance with Government guidance. Despite the COVID pandemic, the District Council has continued to support local community organisations deliver quality of life outcomes through key community and voluntary sector activity through the North Norfolk Sustainable Communities Fund, Community Transport Grants and Arts Grants mechanisms
Continued commitment to maintain Blue Flag and Green Flag status for the Council's beaches and open spaces	Continue to maintain and, where appropriate, improve the quality and accessibility of our public open spaces and beaches. Promote their use for a wide variety of events and activities that meet the health and wellbeing needs of the local community and attract visitors to the area Develop a programme of sustained improvement and investigate innovative investment opportunities in order to ensure that our open spaces and beaches are attractive and available for all to enjoy and, where appropriate, meet the criteria for Green and Blue Flag awards	Ongoing Retained 6 Blue Flag beaches Introduction of beach wheelchairs at Cromer and Sheringham – very successful with plans now being developed to provide in Mundesley and Sea Palling as well as Cromer and Sheringham in 2022. Retained 3 Green Flag Open Spaces Continued investment in facilities and offer at Holt Country Park – new play area
Delivery of new leisure centre at Sheringham	Develop the new leisure centre to replace the Splash, in order to maintain a high quality, inclusive and	Completed The Reef completed and open to the public 1 November 2021.Some delays experienced in project

	 accessible facility. Working with our leisure contractor and other partners to: encourage people to lead and maintain active and healthy lifestyles provide a range of modern and innovative fitness equipment accessible to all encourage the development of physical activity programmes oriented to the needs of all sections of the local community introduce even the youngest residents to fun and beneficial leisure activities provide opportunities to address specific health conditions (e.g. via social prescribing) 	timescales due to COVID lockdown and material supply issues.
North Walsham Heritage Action Zone P ag e 51 4	Under the Heritage Action Zone programme, engage the local community in the development and delivery of projects and activities that celebrate the cultural and historic significance of North Walsham Town Centre, with the aim of enhancing the economic and cultural vitality of the town, including: • cultural programming activities • improving historic assets • supporting local community organisations • supporting cultural events	Ongoing – Delivery Plan adopted by April 2020 Strong community engagement programme with the public and town centre businesses through HAZ Project Officer and appointed consultants Cultural programme developed alongside historic interpretation to inform environmental enhancement programme. Proposals for North Walsham town centre / Market Place enhancement programme consulted upon in Spring 2021 with detailed proposals now subject to final consultation with programme of town centre traffic management and environmental enhancement works to be carried out in period January 2022 – March 2023 Programme of cultural events being prepared for delivery from 2022
Delivery of the Mammoth Marathon	Organise and promote a running event as a way of marketing the District and raise awareness of the benefits of physical activity. Use this and other events as a platform to showcase initiatives that aim to support health and wellbeing, environmental	Rescheduled 2020 and 2021 proposed dates cancelled / postponed due to COVID, now to be staged in 2022

awareness, arts and culture and other quality of life	
issues. After the first 'mammoth' marathon and half	
marathon events, review its effectiveness	

Appendix 7 – Quality of Life Strategy 2022 – 2024 Action Plan

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
Sustainability /Housing/ Transport and Connectivity	Implement the new Local Plan	to protect and enhance the natural and built environment and promote sustainability	Place and Climate Change Directorate	officer time	ongoing	monitoring of the effectiveness of the Local Plan Policies
Sustainability	Deliver our Net Zero 2030 Strategy and Climate Action Plan (NEW)	to support our Climate Emergency declaration and Net Zero Target	Climate and Environment supported by all Directorates	officer time, revenue and capital funding for investment in alternatives to use of fossil fuels/renewables	ongoing	monitoring of actions taken and their impacts, reduction in carbon footprint
ວ ອ ອ ອ ອ ວ ວ ວ	Implement and monitor the effectiveness of the Council's Environmental Charter	to support our Climate Emergency declaration and Net Zero Target	Climate and Environment supported by all Directorates	officer time, revenue and capital funding for investment in alternatives to use of fossil fuels/renewables	ongoing	monitoring of actions taken and their impacts, reduction in carbon footprint
Sustainability	Continue to manage our green spaces to retain the Green Flag status	to protect and maintain our natural assets and promote access to and enjoyment of these for residents and visitors	Environmental and Leisure Services	officer time, revenue and capital funding to maintain and enhance the asset	ongoing	monitor visitor numbers and seek feedback from users on the impact of their visit on their health and wellbeing
Sustainability	Monitor the air quality in the district via the Air Quality Annual Status Report (ASR) (NEW)	to identify any decrease in the air quality levels which would give cause for concern and enable action to be taken to reduce levels of pollution		officer time	annually	effective action to reduce air pollution if levels increased to a level which gave cause for concern

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
Education and Learning	Review and update the Council's Play Strategy (NEW)	to ensure that there is adequate, appropriate and accessible opportunities for play for children and to encourage outdoor active play in our natural environment	Environmental and Leisure Services	officer time, revenue and capital funding for developing and maintaining play provision and exploring opportunities to lever in funding via voluntary, charitable and community groups	April 2023	completion of review and updated Play Strategy produced
People and Community - Participation Page 57	Develop and implement a Community Engagement Strategy	to provide a framework for engaging with our residents, communities and key stakeholders to increase the influence they have over decisions that affect them	Communities Directorate	mainly officer time with some resources being needed to facilitate engagement activities	June 2022 and ongoing	a published Community Engagement Strategy/ demonstration of consideration of the most appropriate engagement mechanism for the circumstance/ promotion of engagement opportunities on the Council's website and how the engagement has affected the decision being made
People and Community - Participation	Engagement with the residents of North Norfolk and communities of interest to determine future priorities for Quality of Life (NEW)	to understand the issues faced by our residents and communities of interest and in particular those who are the most disadvantaged and marginalised	Communities Directorate	mainly officer time with some resources being needed to facilitate engagement activities	April 2023	evidence of appropriate engagement which can adequately inform the development of priorities for the refresh of this Strategy

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
People and Community - Participation	Develop and implement an Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy (NEW)	to ensure that Equality, Diversity and Inclusion are embedded in the decisions made by the Council and in service delivery	People Services	officer time	April 2023	the production of an Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Strategy, development of a consistent process for undertaking Impact Assessments as part of decision making processes, a suite of outcome measures, delivery of training for all staff and members
People and Community P- Participation Q D J O	Continue to support and develop the North Norfolk Domestic Abuse Forum (NEW)	to provide support to survivor victims of domestic abuse (DA) and an engagement opportunity for victims to influence service provision to bring together partner agencies to improve service provision	the Forum was brought together by Members of the district Council	officer support from Democratic Services and People Services	ongoing	development of the forum, feedback from members, recognition that services for those at risk of DA and victim survivors is improving and tolerance of DA and violence against women and girls is reducing
People and Community - Participation	Continue to support communities to deliver activities, services and events which increase participation and active engagement with visual, literary and performing arts through the Arts and Culture Fund	improve health and wellbeing through participation and active engagement in cultural activity	Early Help and Prevention	officer and member time, Arts and Culture Fund	ongoing	fulfilment of the terms and conditions of the grant - demonstration of significant benefit to the health and wellbeing of North Norfolk residents and an active participatory role

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
People and Community	North Walsham Heritage	to create and deliver	Economic and	officer time, North	ongoing to	delivery of local events
- Participation	Action Zone	community-led cultural activities on North Walsham High Street	Community Development	Walsham Cultural Consortium, Historic England	2024	celebrating local pride in the town, theatre and musical performances and art work created by
People and Community - Participation	continue to invest in the Cromer Pier	to maintain and enhance Cromer pier as a cultural icon, enabling it to thrive as part of the cultural offering	Estates and Assets, Assets and Property	officer time, significant revenue and capital funding	ongoing	local people monitoring of visitors to the Pier and the Pavilion Theatre
Transport and Connectivity Page 59	Continue to fund projects that benefit vulnerable, disadvantaged and isolated people of all ages living in rural areas to access the services and facilities through the Community Transport Fund	fund transport solutions to facilitate access to services and facilities for vulnerable, disadvantaged and isolated people of all ages living in rural areas	Early Help and Prevention	officer and member time, Community Transport Fund	ongoing	grant terms and conditions fulfilled, benefit to vulnerable, disadvantaged and isolated people of all ages living in rural areas in accessing services and facilities
Transport and Connectivity	consider ways in which the Council and partners can support and encourage active travel (NEW)	to reduce use of personal transport and support and encourage active lives	Leisure Services, Active Norfolk	officer time, revenue funding to jointly fund work of Active Norfolk	April 2022	monitoring and delivery against service level agreement, increase in activity levels of children and adults
Mental Health and Isolation	Explore opportunities to make our green spaces more accessible for vulnerable households and to support positive parenting through interaction with nature (NEW)	increase accessibility and utility of our natural assets to improve the health and wellbeing of marginalised groups and to ensure the best start in life for children	Environmental and Leisure Services, People Services	officer time, revenue and possibly capital funding to facilitate transport to and from, consider bidding opportunities by voluntary, charitable and community groups	September 2022	development of options/funding bids/business case

	Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
	Housing	Delivery of the Housing	the action plan has four	Resources	officer time, significant	ongoing to	increased supply of
		Strategy Action plan	themes; increase the	Directorate,	capital and revenue	2025	housing (market and
			supply of housing,	Place and	resource, partner		affordable), improvement
			improve the condition of	Climate Change	resource including		in private sector stock
			the private sector	Directorate,	other statutory		condition (stock
			housing stock, make best	Communities	services, Registered		condition survey), empty
			use of empty homes and	Directorate	Providers, Government		homes brought back into
			support vulnerable		funding, community		use (Council Tax returns),
			residents to access and		resource and funding		development of Housing
			sustain suitable housing				with Care, DFG
			all of which contribute to				expenditure, delivery of
			the quality of life for				energy advice and take
			residents within our				up of energy efficiency
P			communities				measures/grants
age	Housing	Review and update the	to review the	Housing Options	officer time,	in progress –	updated strategy/action
		Homelessness and Rough	effectiveness of current		Homelessness	completion of	plan demonstrating
60		Sleeper Strategy and	responses in respect of		Prevention Grant and	the review by	homelessness prevention
		action plan (NEW)	homelessness and rough		RSI Funding, potential	July 2022 and	and improved standards
			sleeping and to deliver a		opportunities Rough	ongoing	of temporary
			step change in upstream		Sleeping		accommodation
			prevention activity		Accommodation		
			-		Programme		
	Housing	Work towards Domestic	to increase the	Housing Options	officer time, funding	commencing in	actions being undertaken
		Abuse Housing Alliance	knowledge and		from Norfolk County	April 2022 with	as part of the DAHA
		(DAHA) accreditation for	understanding of staff		Council (as part of the	accreditation	accreditation process
		the Housing Service (NEW)	within the Housing		joint responsibility for	by March 2025	with successful
			Service with regards to		the Norfolk Support in	at the latest	accreditation, positive
			domestic abuse so that		Safe Accommodation		customer feedback from
			they can better support		Strategy) to fund the		those coming to the
			those approaching the		membership of DAHA		Council for support and
			Council for support and		and the accreditation		assistance
			assistance		process		

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
Covid Response and	To continue to manage	to continue to work with	Communities	officer time, revenue	ongoing	monitoring of community
Recovery	risks related to Covid, including preparedness for outbreak management, supporting communities to move towards Covid recovery and developing resilience	partners to protect our communities	Directorate, Resilience Team	resource, Government support and support of partners		transmission and activity in response and recovery
Cost of Living Page 61	Support residents to mitigate the worst impacts of the current cost of living 'crisis' (NEW)	helping residents to mitigate the worst of the cost of living 'crisis' through implementation of Gov't sponsored schemes, delivery of its own services, use of funding available and working in partnership with statutory, voluntary and community orgs	People Services, Revenue Services, Customer Services	officer time, administration of Gov't schemes, development of discretionary schemes using funding from Gov't passed down from other agencies, using Council resources working in tandem with partners and communities	April 2022 on going depending on funding	successful administration of Government schemes and allocation of funding, development of discretionary schemes with output and where possible outcome measures, co-ordinated working with partners and communities
Levelling-Up	Undertake an audit of services on a locality basis to identify gaps in order to inform future decisions on service delivery and commissioning (NEW)	to ensure that the necessary services are available/accessible to residents and where they are not or where demand exceeds capacity to highlight to commissioners, support community/voluntary sector to support individuals and groups as an alternative to statutory provision	People Services	officer time	April 2022 ongoing	development of repository of information at a locality level which can be updated as service provision in an area changes due to services closing or new services being delivered and monitor demand for services against capacity

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
Levelling-Up	Engage with partners and Government to ensure that the needs of North Norfolk are recognised in the Levelling-Up considerations	support the development of our communities, promoting a vibrant and sustainable economy and reducing health inequalities	Corporate Leadership Team	officer time, potential match funding for projects, resources of partners	ongoing	demonstration of investment in North Norfolk relative to other Districts
Ukranian Refugee Resettlement Page 62	Support the Ukranian refugee resettlement arrangements (NEW)	to support the Homes for Ukraine process to ensure that refugees are able to come to North Norfolk, provide support to refugees and their sponsors to facilitate integration in to the area and effectively manage any community tensions	Communities Directorate, Economic and Community Development, Revenues	officer time, funding from Government to support placements and integration, administration of support payments to sponsors	March 2022 ongoing to 2025	monitoring numbers of refugees coming to North Norfolk/accommodation and welfare check requests, successful placements and support provided, monitoring of placements and breakdown, monitoring of impact on Council services
Working in Partnership	Set up the North Norfolk Health and Wellbeing Partnership (NEW)	Health and Wellbeing Partnerships are being set up on district council boundaries as part of the new Norfolk and Waveney Integrated Care System	District Portfolio Holder as Chair supported by Communities Directorate and Norfolk County Council Public Health	District Council Member and officer time, Advanced Public Health Officer, venues for meetings, Covid Recovery Funding, resource of the partners	inaugural shadow meeting April 2022 ongoing	a functioning Health and Wellbeing Partnership resulting in improved health outcomes

Big issue	Action	Reasoning	Responsibility	Resources	Timescale	Outcomes/measures
Working in Partnership	Develop and implement a Health and Wellbeing Strategy	to prioritise the action and resources of the Council with regard to Health and Wellbeing and to influence the work of the Health and Wellbeing Partnership and actions and spend of partners	Communities Directorate	mainly officer time and resources currently being spent on Health and Wellbeing activity, with influence over the spend of other partners and the Covid Recovery Funding	July 2022 and ongoing	a published Health and Wellbeing Strategy, directing of resources, identified priorities, evidence of influencing spend of partners/spend for Covid Recovery, improvement in key health and wellbeing outcome measures in the longer term
Working in Partnership Page 6	Work in partnership with Active Norfolk to increase activity and participation in organised sport (NEW)	to deliver the shared priorities of the Council and Norfolk County Council to increase activity and participation in organised sport to improve health and wellbeing	Leisure Services	officer time, revenue funding to fund joint post	from April 2022	monitor effectiveness of Active Norfolk against agreed criteria
Working in Partnership	Continue to support the work of the Norfolk Community Safety Partnership	to help to keep our residents safe, engendering trust in statutory services and reducing the fear of crime and harm at both an individual and community level	Communities Directorate, partners supporting the work of the Community Safety Partnership	mainly officer time, some budget allocation to support the delivery of local and countywide initiatives	ongoing	attendance at partnership meetings and contribution to local and countywide initiatives, low crime rates and evidence that fear of crime and harm is not increasing

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CROMER – NORTH LODGE PARK – PROPOSED LETTING OF FORMER TENNIS COURT SITE

Summary:	The aim of this report is to outline the proposals we have received for the redevelopment of the former tennis courts site within North Lodge Park, Cromer and to make a recommendation for a new lease over the land and premises.
Options considered:	 Following a marketing campaign during the Summer of 2021 three proposals were received from external parties. These were from; 1) The Friends of North Lodge Park with Cromer Town Council 2) North Norfolk World of Golf consortium 3) A proposal for Padel Courts from a local investor. The three proposals are outlined within the report below.
Conclusions:	The proposal made by The Friends of North Lodge Park in partnership with Cromer Town Council is considered the most appropriate for the site.
Recommendations:	It is recommended that Cabinet make a resolution to proceed with The Friends of the Park in partnership with Cromer Town Council to complete a new lease over the former tennis court site and as provided in the agreed heads of terms.
Reasons for Recommendations:	The Friends of the North Lodge Park are a known operator to NNDC and are an existing partner in managing the Park.
	The proposal made is a joint venture with the Cromer Town Council and provides for a new changing places toilet facility to be fully funded by the Town Council.
	The proposal combines both community and income producing operations.
	The proposals are unlikely to be of concern to local residents and offers the least contentious use from a planning perspective.
	The proposal will further enhance the use of the Park whilst providing training and support for the wider community.
	The proposal for a new toilet block within the tennis court site will free up the existing toilets in the Park which, when combined with the vacant adjacent unit

(formerly the children's nursery) and the existing café, will provide the opportunity to create a newly refurbished income producing property.

LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS AS REQUIRED BY LAW

(Papers relied on to write the report, which do not contain exempt information and which are not published elsewhere)

Cabinet Member(s) All	
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Ward(s) affected; Cromer

Contact Officer, telephone number and email: Neil Turvey; 01263 516124 neil.turvey@north-norfolk.gov.uk

1. Introduction

The North Lodge Park covers an area of approximately 5 acres to the east of the town centre with various pedestrian links to and from the town and with limited vehicular access off the Overstrand Road (see plan at Appendix 1).

The most recent material planning history relates to the former tennis courts site and the application to create 47 public car parking spaces and new public toilets made in 2017 which was subsequently withdrawn.

2. Current uses and tenancies

2.1

The Park is a focal point to the east of Cromer town centre for open to the air leisure uses and is largely managed under a Management Agreement by the Friends of North Lodge Park (Friends) who are a well organised formal Charity group of local volunteers that manage the flower beds, wildflower areas etc alongside those works done by NNDC grounds maintenance team.

The Friends also manage the use of various open areas of the Park upon which temporary seasonal events are occasionally held. Cromer Town Council offer the Lodge and grounds as a wedding venue.

SERCO currently use a garage adjacent to the former Croquet lawn for storage purposes and have a temporary unregulated bin storage area on the former tennis court site.

The principal buildings within the wider area of the Park are as follows;

- The North Lodge itself owned and occupied by Cromer Town Council
- Tea rooms & toilets adjacent to the boating pond and part leased to

Friends of the Park at a peppercorn rent to provide the tea rooms.

- The male & female public toilets sit on either side of the former Seaview nursery/children's centre.
- The now vacant former Seaview nursery itself adjacent to the Café, previously operated as a pre-school and childrens' play facility.
- Collectors Cabin currently vacant thatched former retail/catering space overlooking the Sunken Garden (19 sq.m / 205 sq.ft)
- Bandstand (aka The Potting Shed 44sq.m / 473 sq.ft) former bandstand now redundant and boarded up. Overlooks the former tennis courts.
- Former tennis courts this site is the principal subject of this report and formed the basis of the previous planning application for car parking. This square site of approximately 0.35 acres (37 metres square) is currently gated and utilised in part as a bin storage base/holding area.

2.2 The former tennis court site

The site is accessible to both pedestrian and vehicle traffic. The attached plan at Appendix 1 shows the location of the site immediately fronting onto Overstrand Road and sitting to the eastern boundary of the main vehicular access to the Park. The site is some 37 metres square which provides a site area of some 0.35 acres (0.142 Ha). The hard standing on the site is flat and currently laid to a textured and coloured tarmac being the former tennis court surface. The tarmac is in a reasonable condition. The former bandstand (aka Potting Shed) overlooks the hard standing and is a dilapidated single storey building of some 44 sq.m (473 sq.ft).

2.3 Possible uses

Given the nature of the site and its close proximity to the public highway and to the heart of the Park this land does provide a high profile location for a number of uses, subject to planning permission and other consents being forthcoming.

Earlier discussions with our planning and conservation officers have confirmed that whilst recognising that the site should be considered for an alternative use they would prefer to see a low impact – low density proposal that would complement the current use of the Park and not have an impact on the Listed Building status of the Lodge or its environs and views.

3. Proposals received

This section of the report will explore the proposals received from businesses interested in renovating the premises at their own cost in exchange for a commercial lease over the land and premises. This follows the Summer 2021 marketing campaign.

3.1 Party 1 – The Friends of North Lodge Park & Cromer Town Council in

the form of a newly create Charitable Incorporated Organisation (CIO)

This proposal is a joint venture between the Friends and Cromer Town Council for a mixed use of the site as a community hub utilising the former bandstand; the provision of new horticultural poly-tunnels and greenhouses for horticultural training purposes and plant sales; an occasional artisan / farmers market and provision for a 'Community Shed' managed by Mens Sheds which is a national charity for supporting men through practical courses and meetings. (see menssheds.org.uk)

The Friends business plan provides for a net profit being made within 2 years and this is reflected in the rent payment agreement proposed in the Heads of Terms (see Appendix 2).

Significantly, the Friends proposal in conjunction with the Town Council provides for the proposed development of a new changing rooms toilet facility to be fully funded by the Town Council.

Importantly, if this were to progress then this would enable us to review the future use of the building housing the current public toilets, the café and former children's nursery into a more commercially viable, income producing property.

3.1.1	SWOT analysis	
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Strengths	5	Weaknesses
a Lou • Joi Co • Th cou pro • Th cou	erator to NNDC and already partner in managing North dge Park int venture with Town puncil	 A lower level of private sector investment than other proposals The informal SERCO storage facility would most likely need to be relocated
Opportun	nities	Threats
the tra coi	ining and support for the mmunity	 Provision of artisan/farmers markets may impact on current weekly markets in Cromer and on town centre traders
Pla	provide a new Changing aces toilet block through wn Council funding	
NN caf coi inv	is proposal would allow NDC to review the existing fé and toilet block and to nsider further limited vestment to secure a regular operty income	

|--|

3.2 Party 2 – North Norfolk World of Golf

This proposal is for a consortium of private investors to create a new golf academy with allied catering outlets.

3.2.1 SWOT analysis

Strengths Weaknesses		
weaknesses		
 Would attract significant vehicular traffic with no additional parking proposed – likely to cause local issues with traffic management Unknown operators and investors and track record of principal not well established New company – Governance needs to be ratified Securing planning consent could be difficult and the use contentious locally SERCO to be relocated 		
Threats		
 Creates further catering outlet competition for existing businesses in Cromer town centre Would impact on current café use operated by Friends 		

3.3 Party 3 – Private investors

In summary the proposal is to create up to 3x new Padel Courts which is a cross between tennis and squash. The proposal will require the creation of large 'caged' courts on the site.

3.3.1 SWOT analysis

Strengths	Weaknesses
 Padel is a growing sport with no local or known regional provision Strong health & well-being provision 	 Low income potential Unknown operator/investor – new start up with no track record Investor confidence not secured

•	Planning use likely to be an issue given the need for large caged courts SERCO could be accommodated on site	 Visual impact of caged courts No provision to invest in former bandstand building Courts unlikely to be in regular use or provide vibrancy to the location
Орро	rtunities	Threats
•	Encourages a new sport in the town	 Unknown long-term sustainability of a relatively new sport to the UK

4. Corporate Plan Objectives

Financial Sustainability / Boosting Business Sustainability and Growth

The proposals provide the potential to increase rental income from currently vacant and redundant property in the Councils' property portfolio potentially creating new business in Cromer and therefore new employment opportunities along with a contribution to NNDR.

Quality of life

The proposal to re-use the premises highlighted in the report will improve the public realm and the local environs of North Lodge Park

5. Medium Term Financial Strategy

The proposals could further contribute to the Council's MTFS by creating property incomes from currently void land and buildings.

Budgets for the operating, maintenance and cleaning of the new public toilets would be required post completion. The budget for the current toilets in the Park would fall away as the premises would close.

Property Services will be involved in approving the design of the toilets to ensure consistency with other new toilet developments and to ensure that a standard specification is adopted.

6. Financial and resource implications

All subsequent negotiations will be managed by the Estates team working alongside other internal teams. In each case there would be no significant capital investment required from NNDC other than possibly the potential costs of relocating SERCO.

There may be further legal cost implications should the Council chose to externalise all or part of the consequential property legal work

7. Legal implications

- 7.1 Legal resources will be required to draft and complete the lease agreements
- 7.2 The Councils' obligation to ensure best value under S123 of the Local Government Act has been satisfied by the marketing campaign.

8.0 Risks

8.1

In progressing a chosen operator there are inevitably some risks, principally Officer time in considering, negotiating and progressing the preferred option. There is also the potential for abortive legal costs should matters be pursued and then become abortive for whatever reason.

8.2

Securing planning and Listed Buildings Consents remains a risk but this will be mitigated by early engagement with the Councils' planning and conservation teams.

8.3

A further risk is that the land and associated buildings remain undeveloped and continue to deteriorate with no positive outcomes for the town and with the potential for further criticism of the Council for not maximising asset value or potential.

9.0 Sustainabilty

The proposed development of the site will enable a currently redundant property to be re-used for sustainable community uses.

10.0 Climate / Carbon Impact

The recommended proposal would have a limited impact on Climate & Carbon emissions with no extra car parking requirements on the site and low impact sustainable uses being implemented.

11. Equality & Diversity

No issues have been identified. The proposed community hub and Mens Shed will help to enhance and improve community engagement.

12. Section 17 Crime & Disorder considerations

No issues of concern have been identified. As a positive outcome the regular use of this redundant area should reduce the occurrence of any anti-social behaviour which has occasionally been experienced on the redundant site albeit at a low level.

13. Communications

13.1

In principle discussions have been had with planning and conservation officers. In due course and as required conversations will be held with Cromer Town Council to consult and advise on the proposed next steps to be taken. If matters proceed than any project would be progressed by the Estates & Property Services teams working together to secure the required outcomes.

13.2

Our comms team are aware of the proposals

14. Conclusion & Recommendation

Other than occasional temporary uses the tennis court land has been redundant for many years and forms a significant yet under- utilised area of the Park.

The aim of the marketing exercise over the Summer of 2021 was to open the opportunity to a wider audience.

We have received three very different approaches to the use of the land, uses that are not easy to compare.

However, the Friends proposed use is the least contentious and would enhance the current relationship we have with them in managing the Park and they are a known operator with a good track record.

The Friends proposal would allow the Estates team & Property Services to review the use of the former Seaview children's nursery premises which combined with the existing public toilets and the current Friends café would provide a substantial property which could be re-configured and advertised for commercial uses, most likely a restaurant and café utilising the view to the front of the premises which would be enhanced once the existing landscaping had been re-configured to provide a very attractive location. The property is also under consideration for temporary housing.

The Friends have indicated to us that if they were to secure the former tennis court site then they would be prepared in due course to relocate their café to that site thus releasing their current property for refurbishment.

The outright commercial use proposed by the Golf Academy investors provides an exciting opportunity for the town but will have a significant impact on the local environs in terms of servicing and car parking in particular.

The Padel offering is more of an unknown quantity however our most recent discussions with the promoter have suggested that the investors behind the plan are not 100% committed to it.

Recent, albeit high level discussions with our planning/conservation team have suggested that the Friends proposal would be the least contentious and that the lack of any dedicated car parking provision for the proposed Golf Academy would be a critical issue. The long-term viability of Padel Courts is questionable and the operator would need a strong business case to support any planning application.

The option remains to continue with the marketing process but we do not believe that this will result in any further interest coming to the fore.

Recommendation

It is recommended that Cabinet make a resolution to proceed with The Friends of the Park in partnership with Cromer Town Council to complete a new lease over the former tennis court site and as provided in the agreed Heads of Terms at Appendix 2.

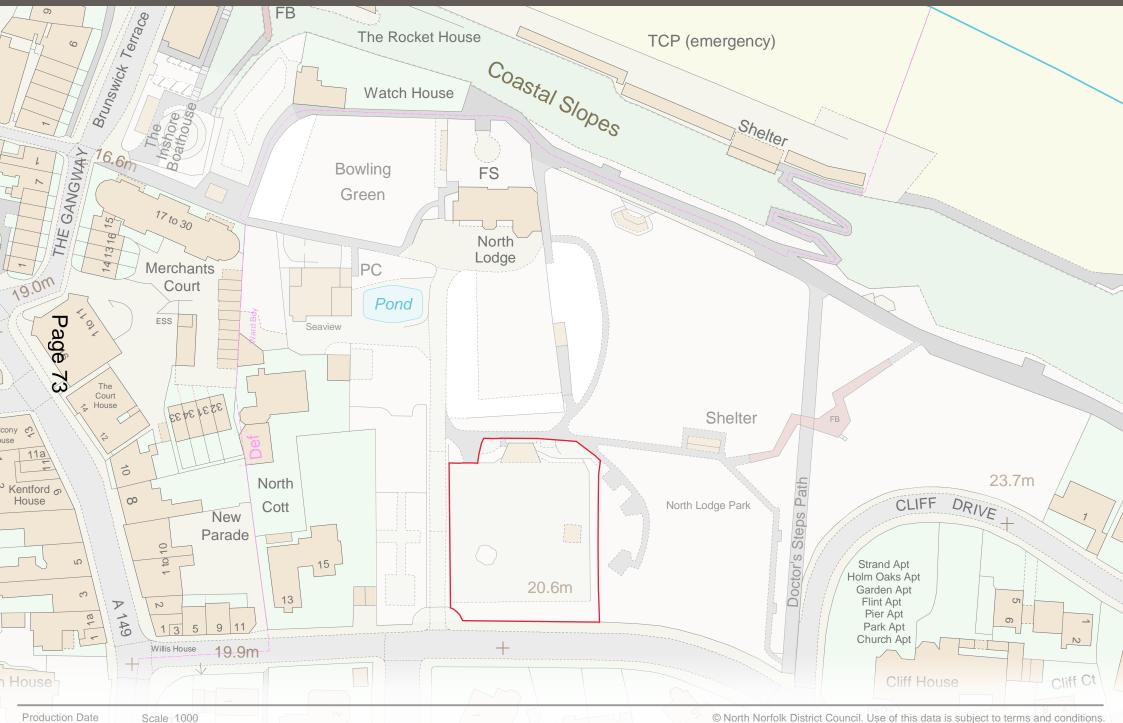
15. Appendices

Appendix 1 – Site plan Appendix 2 – Heads of Terms agreed



15 Feb 2022

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